



Committee: BUDGET AND PERFORMANCE PANEL

Date: TUESDAY, 15<sup>™</sup> DECEMBER 2015

Venue: LANCASTER TOWN HALL

*Time:* 6.10 P.M.

Councillors are reminded that as Members of Overview and Scrutiny they may not be subjected to the party whip, which is prohibited under the Lancaster City Council Constitution.

All Members have been invited to attend the meeting.

#### AGENDA

#### 1. Apologies for Absence

#### 2. Minutes

Minutes of the Meeting held on 10<sup>th</sup> November, 2015 (previously circulated).

#### 3. Items of Urgent Business authorised by the Chairman

#### 4. Declaration of Interests

To receive declarations by Members of interests in respect of items on this Agenda.

Members are reminded that, in accordance with the Localism Act 2011, they are required to declare any disclosable pecuniary interests which have not already been declared in the Council's Register of Interests. (It is a criminal offence not to declare a disclosable pecuniary interest either in the Register or at the meeting).

Whilst not a legal requirement, in accordance with Council Procedure Rule 10 and in the interests of clarity and transparency, Members should declare any disclosable pecuniary interests which they have already declared in the Register, at this point in the meeting.

In accordance with Part B Section 2 of the Code Of Conduct, Members are required to declare the existence and nature of any other interests as defined in paragraphs 8(1) or 9(2) of the Code of Conduct.

## 5. A live demonstration of the Council's performance management information system

A demonstration will be provided.

#### 6. Corporate Plan 2015 -2018 - Half Yearly Performance (Pages 1 - 12)

Report of the Chief Officer (Governance).

#### 7. Budget and Policy Framework Update 2016 to 2020 (Pages 13 - 58)

Report of the Chief Officer (Resources).

#### 8. Discussions with Councillor Richard Newman-Thompson

Cabinet Member with responsibility for:

- Finance.
- Revenues and Benefits.

Councillor Newman-Thompson has been invited to the meeting to discuss the financial elements of his portfolio.

#### 9. Work Programme Report (Pages 59 - 62)

Report of the Chief Officer (Governance).

#### **ADMINISTRATIVE ARRANGEMENTS**

#### (i) Membership

Councillors Dave Brookes (Chairman), Phillippa Williamson (Vice-Chairman), Claire Cozler, Andrew Gardiner, Janet Hall, Tim Hamilton-Cox, Colin Hartley, Roger Sherlock and Anne Whitehead

#### (ii) Substitute Membership

Councillors Sam Armstrong, Alan Biddulph, Tracy Brown, Nicholas Wilkinson, John Wild and Peter Williamson

#### (iii) Queries regarding this Agenda

Please contact Sarah Moorghen, Democratic Services - telephone 01524 582132 or email smoorghen@lancaster.gov.uk.

#### (iv) Changes to Membership, substitutions or apologies

Please contact Democratic Support, telephone 582170, or alternatively email democraticsupport@lancaster.gov.uk.

MARK CULLINAN, CHIEF EXECUTIVE, TOWN HALL, DALTON SQUARE, LANCASTER LA1 1PJ

Published on Thursday, 3rd December, 2015.

#### BUDGET AND PERFORMANCE PANEL

# Corporate Plan 2015 -2018 - Half Yearly Performance 15<sup>th</sup> December 2015 Report of Chief Officer (Governance)

#### **PURPOSE OF REPORT**

To provide an update on progress towards the delivery of the 2015 - 2018 Corporate Plan as at 30September 2015.

This report is public.

#### **OFFICER RECOMMENDATIONS**

- (1) That Budget and Performance Panel considers the Cabinet Report dated 01 December 2015 and attached appendix, making any comments and recommendations considered necessary.
- 1. CORPORATE PLAN HALF YEARLY PERFORMANCE (2015 / 2016)
- 1.1. The attached report and appendix, presented to Cabinet on 01 December 2015, provides a summary of the Quarter 2 (half- year) performance and progress towards the achievement of the corporate priorities and outcomes over the term of the 2015 2018 Corporate Plan.
- 1.2. Budget and Performance Panel are asked to consider the Cabinet report and attachment in line with their Terms of Reference within the Constitution relating to the monitoring and review of the council's performance.

#### **CONCLUSION OF IMPACT ASSESSMENT**

(including Health & Safety, Equality & Diversity, Human Rights, Community Safety, Sustainability and Rural Proofing)

None directly arising from this report

#### LEGAL IMPLICATIONS

None directly arising from this report

#### FINANCIAL IMPLICATIONS

None directly arising from this report

#### OTHER RESOURCE IMPLICATIONS

Human Resources / Information Services / Property / Open Spaces: As set out in the relevant appendix

#### SECTION 151 OFFICER'S COMMENTS

The Monitoring Officer has been consulted and has no further comments.

#### **MONITORING OFFICER'S COMMENTS**

The Monitoring Officer has been consulted and has no further comments.

| BACKGROUND PAPERS       | Contact Officer: Bob Bailey, Organisational Development Manager           |
|-------------------------|---|
| Cabinet Report 01/12/15 | Telephone: 01524 582018 E-mail: rbailey@lancaster.gov.uk Ref: B&PP 151215 |
|                         |   |



# Corporate Plan 2015-18 - Half Yearly Performance 01 December 2015 Report of Chief Officer (Governance)

| PURPOSE OF REPORT   |                  |   |  |  |  |
|---|------------------|---|--|--|--|
| To provide an update on progress towards the delivery of the 2015 – 2018 Corporate Plan as at 30 September 2015 |                  |   |  |  |  |
| Key Decision  | Non-Key Decision | Non-Key Decision Referral from Cabinet Member |  |  |  |
| Date of notice of forthcoming key decision N/A  |                  |   |  |  |  |
| This report is public   |                  |   |  |  |  |

#### RECOMMENDATIONS OF LEADER OF THE COUNCIL

- (1) That Cabinet considers progress towards the delivery of the 2015 2018 Corporate Plan at the mid-point of 2015 and makes comments and recommendations as appropriate
- 1. Report
- 1.1. The 2015 2018 Corporate Plan was approved by Council on 04 March 2015. The Corporate Plan sets the direction for the delivery of council services and together with the Medium Term Financial Strategy (MTFS) and other strategies drives the allocation of resources as part of the council's Policy Framework. At the time of approval, the Corporate Plan reflected the changing needs and aspirations of local communities and the shifting priorities, opportunities and challenges that the council faced. The challenges will be increased for future years.
- 1.2. Corporate priorities have remained largely the same over the last few years, being: Clean, Green and Safe Places; Health and Wellbeing; Community Leadership and Sustainable Economic Growth. Priorities are underpinned by an ethos of an 'Ensuring Council' a model of local government developed by the Association of Public Service Excellence (APSE)
- 1.3. The focus of the priorities has narrowed as resources have reduced and these will need to be narrowed further due to the financial context for the remainder of the three year Corporate Plan. The priorities are reinforced by headline corporate outcomes and success measures, as well as milestones and activities at an operational level. Together with qualitative / contextual information these provide a greater understanding of factors having an impact on performance and overall delivery of the Corporate Plan.
- 1.4. Six months into the 2015 2018 Corporate Plan a review has been undertaken of performance and progress towards the achievement of the corporate priorities and outcomes over the term of the plan. Full details of this review are set out in *Appendix A*.
- 1.5. In summary, the review shows that progress is being made and there are currently no major areas of concern. The Corporate Plan will, however, need to be adjusted to take account of the political and financial context for 2016 2018.

#### 2. Conclusion

2.1. Proposals for the future development of the Corporate Plan(s) will be with a view to supporting the council as it continues to evolve as an ensuring council, taking into account the challenges that the council faces. Members will be asked to consider these proposals and revised Corporate Plan (s) in due course as part of the strategic planning arrangements.

#### RELATIONSHIP TO POLICY FRAMEWORK

This report is a requirement of the council's Performance Management Framework in support of the delivery of key priorities and outcomes as set out in the overall policy framework and specifically in the Corporate Plan 2015 -18.

#### **CONCLUSION OF IMPACT ASSESSMENT**

(including Health & Safety, Equality & Diversity, Human Rights, Community Safety, HR, Sustainability and Rural Proofing)

None directly arising from this report

#### **LEGAL IMPLICATIONS**

None directly arising from this report

#### **FINANCIAL IMPLICATIONS**

None directly arising from this report

#### OTHER RESOURCE IMPLICATIONS

Human Resources / Information Services / Property / Open Spaces:

References and any related implications contained within Appendix A

#### **SECTION 151 OFFICER'S COMMENTS**

The Section 151 has been consulted and would add that this report be considered alongside the Budget and Policy Framework update report elsewhere on the Cabinet Agenda for this meeting

#### MONITORING OFFICER'S COMMENTS

The Monitoring Officer has been consulted and has no further comments

#### **BACKGROUND PAPERS**

Corporate Plan 2015 - 18

Contact Officer: Bob Bailey, Organisational

Development Manager
Telephone: 01524 582018
E-mail: rbailey@lancaster.gov.uk

Ref: Cabinet 01/12/15

#### Corporate Plan 2015 / 2016 – Half – Yearly Performance Summary Update

| Measure  | Comments  |  |  |  |  |
|--|---|--|--|--|--|
| Priority: Clean, Green & Safe Places   |   |  |  |  |  |
| Outcome: Impact of crime and anti-social be  | Outcome: Impact of crime and anti-social behaviour across the district will be minimised  |  |  |  |  |
| Work with the Police and Community Safety<br>Partners to minimise the impact of crime<br>and anti-social behaviour   | Half Yearly Measure: - The Council continues to be a leading partner in the Community Safety Partnership which also includes Lancashire Constabulary, Lancashire Fire & Rescue, Probation Services, Youth Offending Team, Office of the Police & Crime Commissionaire, Lancashire County Council and NHS Clinical Commissioning Group. Based on evidence, five priorities for 2015/16 have been identified as being the most important to address in the district. These are Violence Against the Person, Road Safety, Substance Misuse, Domestic Abuse and Anti-Social Behaviour. Quarterly meetings are held to discuss performance on the delivery of priority actions, identify trends and any emerging issues.  The Council is also a leading participant in Anti-Social Behaviour Risk Assessment Conferences (ASBRAC) within the district which supports high risk victims of Anti-Social Behaviour and targets offenders  |  |  |  |  |
| Reduce hate crime and the fear of crime felt by minority communities   | Half Yearly Measure: The Council supports initiatives and activities aimed at tackling hate crime. In the first half of the year this has included involvement in the Learning Disability Awareness Week and supporting self-advocates to approach shops as part of Lancaster Safety In Towns initiative. At the end of July, shared funding with Wyre Borough Council for the Hate Crime Officer came to an end. Going forward the Council will look to support <i>Victims Voice</i> a hate crime reporting and support agency, funded by the Police & Crime Commissioner, that will provide for three caseworkers to cover the Lancashire, including one responsible for activities in Lancaster, Wyre, Fylde and Blackpool   |  |  |  |  |
| Outcome: Local neighbourhoods are clean ar   | nd safe and residents have a sense of pride in the district   |  |  |  |  |
| Increased number of projects that directly involve local communities in improving local areas, parks and open spaces | Quarterly Measure: Twenty-three groups with a variety of projects are being supported including the development of play areas, allotments, Skateparks and parks. Groups include newly formed groups, Parishes and Friends groups. Other groups are supported through wider initiatives such as the Lancaster Greenspace Forum and consultation toolkits which have been developed in conjunction with Lancaster University. Three new groups/ projects are being supported (Aughton Play Area, Newton Beck Coppice Group, BMX at Greenland's Farm).  Friends of Greaves Park and Friends of Ryelands Park have completed a master plan for the parks which will be considered by December Cabinet. Cinder Lane allotment is now complete. Ward councillors are trying to resurrect a friends group for Palatine Recreation Ground, The Bowling Tuition group have also taken on the lease for the pavilion with the aim of re-establishing a bowling team. Lune Bank gardens had a successful national heritage open day to raise the profile of the project to restore the gardens. Beyond the Castle keeps going from strength to strength holding their first archaeological dig on the site with some interesting findings. |  |  |  |  |

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| Measure  | Comments   |  |  |  |  |
|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Priority: Clean, Green & Safe Places   |  |  |  |  |  |
| Outcome: The council's impact on the enviro  | Outcome: The council's impact on the environment will be minimised   |  |  |  |  |
| Increased proportion of Council business<br>travel mileage provided by electric or ultra-<br>low emission vehicles | Half Yearly Measure: In May, as part of the major review of the council's business travel arrangements a pool of six ultra-low emission cars were acquired on a 'flexible' vehicle hire agreement. The Co2 emissions on these vehicles is 98 g/km putting them in the lowest group (Band A) for vehicle tax based on fuel type and Co2 emissions.  A financial appraisal estimated that savings of over £10k could be realised in 2015/16 from 01 July 2015 when the pool vehicles came into operation, to an estimated maximum of nearly £94k in future years, dependent on usage. An appraisal of the first three months usage to 30 September indicates that the vehicles are being well utilised by staff for business use and with the benefit of this information officers have been asked to consider electric vehicles and associated infrastructure requirements. The wider business travel review suggested numerous options that Services can consider further to reduce or eliminate business travel, which in itself will reduce vehicle emissions. |  |  |  |  |
| Amount of household waste reused, recycled or composted is maintained  | Quarterly Measure: Data for this measure is provided through an external system maintained by Lancashire County Council and is reported three months in arrears. The percentage of waste reused, recycled or composted at 2014/15 Quarter 4 was 37.1%, representing a recycling rate across the whole year of 42.9%, being a small increase of +0.4% compared to 2013/14. In the first quarter of 2015/16 Q1 a 48% recycling rate was achieved, representing a decrease of 3.2% against the same quarter in 2014/15. It can be difficult to confidently assess the reason(s) why rates of recycling and composting fluctuate as it can be affected by several factors including seasonal variations and the weather – green waste will drop, for example in wet weather and Q1 2014/15 is known to have been dryer than the same quarter in 2015/16  |  |  |  |  |
| Increase income from energy and recycling projects   | Half Yearly Measure: The amount of income generated from the solar photo-voltaic installations from 1st April 2015 to 30th Sept 2015 was £47,475.69. This is an estimate based on data extracted from the ORSIS online monitoring portal where information of kWh generated from the installed panels is available. It does not take into account any additional income which may be applicable through the Feed In Tariff scheme for which there is a data lag of approximately three months.   |  |  |  |  |

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| Measure   | Comments  |  |  |  |  |  |
|---|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| Priority: Health & Wellbeing  |   |  |  |  |  |  |
| Outcome: Enhanced quality of life of local re   | Outcome: Enhanced quality of life of local residents through access to affordable, decent housing   |  |  |  |  |  |
| Increased number of improved homes  | Quarterly Measure: This indicator reports on the number of homes improved in the private sector. It includes those improved by the Housing Standards Team in the private rented sector and those improved in the owner occupied sector by our own Home Improvement Agency (HIA). 983 homes have been improved at the end of Quarter 2, which is significantly ahead of target at this stage. At the beginning of August the HIA commenced working in line with the new Integrated Home Improvement Service (IHIS) agreement with Lancashire County Council. Under this scheme the HIA carry out 'Minor Adaptation' referrals on behalf of the County. The HIA's Handyperson Service is undertaking this work which tends to be larger, more complex and time consuming and, as a result, may lead to the number of properties improved indicated by this measure being reduced.   |  |  |  |  |  |
| Improve access to housing   | Quarterly Measure: This measure reports on the number of households that have been assisted in finding permanent accommodation into one of three categories of tenure, being: Council Housing, Private Registered Provider of Social Housing and Private Rented Sector. At the end of Quarter 3, 365 households have been assisted by the Housing Options Team (Homelessness) and the Choice Based Lettings Team. This is currently ahead of target.  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Increased number of vulnerable households benefitting from Warm Homes Initiatives   | Half Yearly Measure: 286 households had benefited from Warm Home Initiatives by the end of Quarter 2 significantly ahead of target at this point. This measure reports on the number of households - both owner occupiers and private tenants - benefiting from interventions to improve the level of affordable warmth in the homes of vulnerable residents. The schemes include a number of activities ranging from replacing inadequate boilers to the payment of fuel bills. Funding is no longer available for a scheme specifically targeting tenants in the private sector but vulnerable households are benefiting through the intervention of the Housing Standards Team in prioritising the elimination of the Category 1 hazard of 'Excess Cold'   |  |  |  |  |  |
| Outcome: Health and wellbeing of our reside   | ents is improved  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Increased number of people participating in sports and leisure activities   | <b>Quarterly Measure</b> : This measure monitors all throughput at Salt Ayre Sports Centre (SASC) and the Community Swimming Pools at Heysham, Hornby and Carnforth. The operational subsidy for Salt Ayre Sports Centre was considerably reduced last year and this trend continues. Throughput in areas such as gymnastic coaching, holiday activities and fitness continue to increase with approximately 200,000 visits obtained in the first half of the year compared to 175,000 for the equivalent period last year  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Maximise opportunities for access to innovative leisure activities by working collaboratively with public and private sector partners | Quarterly Measure: Tenders have been received from two Development Companies and an evaluation panel of officers are currently examining the detailed information. Initial indications are positive that the operational costs of operating Salt Ayre Sports Centre will reduce considerably in the first full year and continue to gather momentum over future years.  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Facilitate long term improvements in transportation to improve local air quality  | Half Yearly Measure: Adoption of the Lancaster Transport Masterplan has been delayed and adoption is now anticipated in the New Year. Input into the content of the Master Plan is continuing, the last meeting being held on the 21 September 2015. A report to Public Health directors to propose the input of County Public Health into air quality is still being drafted by the public health team.  The production of a shared Lancashire air quality and planning guidance document has been commissioned by this Council. Production of the template document is due to be delivered by the end of the year. This will be followed by a Lancashire implementation phase.  A grant bid through the Cleaner Bus Technology Fund is being prepared for 25% of the buses operating through Lancaster (to reduce nitrogen oxide emissions). This will hopefully be submitted by the County Council on the 30 October 2015. |  |  |  |  |  |

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| Measure  | Comments   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Priority: Health & Wellbeing   | Priority: Health & Wellbeing   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Outcome: Health and wellbeing of our citizens is improved (continued)                            |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Maintain percentage of 'broadly' compliant food businesses (category 3-5)                        | Quarterly Measure: At the end of Quarter 2 there were 1134 businesses considered to be broadly compliant (3 rating or higher) which equates to 96.7% of all ratings issued. This is a slight improvement at the same period in 2014/15. The number of businesses receiving the top rating of 5 has reduced slightly from 921 last year to 916 this, although the number of businesses considered to be non-compliant (2 or below) has reduced from 46 to 39.  The Council has a range of tools available to tackle unsatisfactory food hygiene standards in food business, including advice to Food Business Operators, formal improvement/prohibition notices and/or prosecution. A recent innovation is the introduction of business coaching by Food Safety staff for businesses with a rating of 2 or below. It is anticipated that this will help to bring about sustained improvement in food safety and higher food ratings for non-compliant food businesses, providing a much more cost effective mechanism for improving food hygiene ratings.  The total number of businesses registered and eligible for a rating is 1173. This is a reduction of 12 businesses compared to last year. Not all businesses receive a rating, only those food businesses that supply food direct to the public are included within the food hygiene rating scheme. Where a rating is issued, the business is encouraged to display the rating within the business, although these is not yet any logal requirement to do so. All ratings are available to the public on the Food Standards Areas at the publ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | although there is not yet any legal requirement to do so. All ratings are available to the public on the <u>Food Standards Agency</u> website  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Maintaining adequate supply to reduce demand led unsustainable price rises in the housing market | Half Yearly Measure: The council needs to maintain a five-year supply of housing at all times. This is achieved by granting sufficient planning consents, or allocating enough sites in the local plan, so that the council can demonstrate that any point in time five-years' worth of deliverable housing sites are available to the development industry. The requirement specified with the council's adopted Core Strategy, is for 400 new homes per year, meaning that supply sufficient for 2000 new homes is needed, plus any backlog that has not been delivered to date. An additional buffer must also be added to ensure that in circumstances where delivery has been poor additional opportunities for development are given consent. Previous period of undersupply must also be added. The current housing land supply is calculated to be equivalent to 3.4 years.  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Whilst the district had experienced exceptionally low levels of new housing build in recent years the last financial year saw a significant return to high levels of development completions: between 1st April 2014 and 31st March 2015 a total of 473 new dwellings were completed. This is comprised of 425 conventional dwellings and 48 dwelling equivalents (student flats and other institutional development). Of the 425 conventional house completed a total of 102 were Affordable Homes, equivalent to a significant 24%. This was facilitated through the provision by the council of an exceptional level of officer support to Registered Providers.  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 58% of dwelling completions in 2014/15 were on brownfield land. At 1st April 2015 a total of 2,615 dwellings had planning consent. Further areas of land suitable for residential development will be identified in the Land Allocations document. Currently it is anticipated that a draft Land Allocations document will be brought to council to seek authority to consult in spring 2016. Consultation on potential options to deliver additional housing growth are being explored by the council as part of its 'People, Homes and Jobs' consultation. A hybrid approach of urban extension, green belt review and village expansion are being investigated. This will feed into the Land Allocations document next year.  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

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| Measure  | Comments   |  |  |  |  |  |
|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Priority: Health & Wellbeing   | Priority: Health & Wellbeing   |  |  |  |  |  |
| Outcome: Health and wellbeing of our citize  | ns is improved (continued)   |  |  |  |  |  |
| Improve the wellbeing of our residents through collaborative, preventative and reactive measures | Quarterly Measure: Arrangements are currently being made for a tender to be submitted to Lancashire County Council with a view to renewing the Active Health contract. The outputs from this area of work continue to address people's health and include working to reduce numbers of people who are inactive, overweight, have various heart conditions and mental health related illnesses to name but a few. |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | The core programme across the portfolio includes initiatives such as the £1 swim which enables people of all abilities and backgrounds to access the swimming pools and therefore be physically more active.   |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | The café at Salt Ayre has seen an increase in revenue of circa 20% as a direct result of refreshing the offer, providing improved customer service and ensuring healthy options are available.   |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Targeted work with community groups and people of varying abilities (and ages) continues with the core programme now including sessions such as multi sports (disability) after school for disabled, indoor cycling for people with both physical and mental health issues, aqua mobility and numerous chair based activities.   |  |  |  |  |  |

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| Measure  | Comments  |  |  |  |  |
|--|---|--|--|--|--|
| Priority: Sustainable Economic Growth  |   |  |  |  |  |
| Outcome: Sustainable economic growth and   | l jobs will be created in key sectors, including energy, knowledge, health and visitor economy  |  |  |  |  |
| New and improved employment sites and premises will become available in key business locations targeting key sectors | Half Yearly Measure: Work continues on delivering the Lancaster University Innovation Campus, working with Lancaster University and other partners, and Heysham Gateway working with Carillion. These sites target the key sectors of the knowledge economy and energy/environmental technologies. Ongoing work on the new Local Plan will identify further opportunities for new employment land.  |  |  |  |  |
| Level of support for business growth and skills development will be maximised  | Half Yearly Measure: Officers are in the process of agreeing immediate and future policy, actions and interventions around economic development in the context of the council's ongoing budget process.  A number of requests for references/support have been received and delivered to the Accountable Body for local Lancaster companies seeking support from the Lancashire Business Growth Fund - a funding opportunity available to the District's manufacturing businesses.  The council is promoting the increase of local skills and employment outcomes through major development proposals. A Supplementary Planning Document is being issued for a final open consultation round in November  |  |  |  |  |
| Supporting small business as important components of thriving retail centres   | Half Yearly Measure: The council approved the Lancaster Business Improvement District (BID) Renewal Proposals and instructed Electoral Reform Services to undertake the Renewal Ballot of eligible businesses. The result of the Ballot will be known at the end of November.  The council continues to support the Lancaster District Chamber of Trade in delivering a Morecambe Business Improvement District. A Draft Proposal is due to be considered by Cabinet towards the end of 2015 or early in the New Year.  The council is continuing to act as the accountable body in support of the Portas Pilot Initiative led by Morecambe Town Council and the Morecambe Town Team. Officers continue to support progression of key projects to completion such as the Public Art initiative managed on behalf of the Town Team by consultants Deco Publique. |  |  |  |  |

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Measure Comments

**Priority: Sustainable Economic Growth** 

#### Outcome: The attractiveness and offer of the district, as a place to visit or invest in, will be improved

Lancaster and Morecambe urban centres will be enhanced by investment in the built environment, heritage assets and the public realm

**Half Yearly Measure: Lancaster:** Substantive phases of improvements as part of *Lancaster Square Routes* were completed by the end of 2014/2015. No further phases are as yet budgeted for or pending. Since, the focus of activity has moved to how the city centre is managed. Activities include:-

- Work with the Lancaster BID team to bring in an enhanced arrangements for street cleansing
- Support to the county council in monitoring and enforcing the new experimental traffic regulation order to better manage vehicular access to, movements and parking within the pedestrian zone.
- Continuing work on an area by area basis to encourage property owners to maintain the appearance of properties in good condition.

Ongoing is work to facilitate investment and to secure appropriate development though development management.

**Morecambe:** Activity as part of the Morecambe Area Action Plan (MAAP) is focused on making the town centre more attractive, growing footfall and supporting trading. The council continues to work closely with Lancashire County Council being a key partner as the Highways authority. There is also close liaison with key private stakeholders including the new owners of the Arndale to optimise the improvements that can be achieved.

The 'Connecting Eric' project to improve the layout of the central seafront and amenities is almost complete with parking rationalised, a new play area and more pedestrian space and improved pedestrian access to the town centre.

Commencement of improvement works on Euston Road, Market Street and Victoria Street (parts), part of the 'Connecting Victoria Street' project is scheduled for February 2016.

Important also is work to support investment and development by third parties and to assure that proposals fit to the MAAP. As part of this the council is liaising closely with New River Retail, the new owners of the Arndale.

Outline proposals for further improvements by the city council are being worked on. These include improvements in partnership with Lancashire County Council, subject to budget considerations.

Ongoing is work to facilitate investment and to secure appropriate development though development management and, as in Lancaster city centre, to encourage building owners to maintain properties in good appearance.

#### Outcome: Lancaster and Morecambe Bay will be recognised as important destinations

Destination brands for Lancaster and the Lune Valley and Morecambe Bay will be developed with partners to establish these areas as important visitor destinations **Quarterly Measure**: The Lancaster and Morecambe Bay brands continued to be rolled out with broad take-up of the brands using the online brand toolkit. The Online Toolkit continues to be developed in partnership with Marketing Lancashire. Business workshops have been delivered in the district, and support to partner authorities has been offered for the delivery of workshops outside of the district. The next phase for delivery, and planning for broader destination management continues to be considered in closer detail.

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| Measure                               | Comments  |  |  |  |  |
|---------------------------------------|---|--|--|--|--|
| Priority: Sustainable Economic Growth |   |  |  |  |  |
| Outcome: Lancaster and Morecambe Ba   | y will be recognised as important destinations  |  |  |  |  |
| Visitor spend will be increased       | Quarterly Measure: Vintage by the Sea 2015 attracted over 40,000 visitors again over the 2 days on the 5-6 September. The weather was very favourable with a full programme of activities and no major event management issues to report. Full economic impact evaluation on the event is still to be estimated and finalised (end of Nov).  In Quarter 2 gross income at Lancaster and Morecambe VIC totalled £80,000 (comprising of £65,000 Morecambe VIC and £15,000 Lancaster VIC). Income at Morecambe VIC is concentrated on the sales of Platform tickets (Morecambe VIC being the sole agent) and Stagecoach bus passes and tickets, Morecambe VIC is the only agent in the Morecambe area selling Stagecoach tickets.  Income at Lancaster VIC is concentrated on ticket sales commission and bespoke Lancaster gifts and souvenirs. Lancaster VIC sells tickets for a wide range of local venues and festivals.   |  |  |  |  |
| Visitor numbers will be increased     | Quarterly Measure: Since January 2015, the council has hosted destination pages on Marketing Lancashire's visitlancashire.com website. The number of 'unique visitors' to visitlancashire.com site from 1 April 2015 to 30 September 2015 was 954,198 which is up 141,776 (17%) on the same period for 2014 (812,422).  In Quarter 2 Lancaster and Morecambe VIC's dealt with over 35,000 enquiries (comprising of 16,971 enquiries at Lancaster VIC and 18,551 at Morecambe VIC). Integration with The Storey and The Platform is progressing well with VIC staff involved in both the operational and marketing aspects of both buildings with positive relationship being developed with companies based in The Storey, for example, where the Lancaster the VIC are the sole agents for selling tickets for a variety of events. Staff at Morecambe VIC provide a professional reception and support and promotion for all events held at The Platform.  The Visitor Information Centre Team has been chosen as a finalist in the prestigious Lancashire Tourism Awards 2015 in the Customer Care Category with the winners to be announced on 5 November |  |  |  |  |

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#### BUDGET AND PERFORMANCE PANEL

# Budget and Policy Framework Update 2016 to 2020 15<sup>th</sup> December 2015

# Report of Chief Officer (Resources)

#### **PURPOSE OF REPORT**

As presented this report provides an update on the Council's financial position presented to Cabinet on 01 December 2015.

#### This report is public.

#### OFFICER RECOMMENDATIONS

(1) That the Budget and Performance Panel considers the Report to Cabinet held on 01 December 2015 and the resolution of Cabinet at Appendix E, making any comments and recommendations to Cabinet considered necessary.

#### 1. BUDGET AND POLICY FRAMEWORK UPDATE 2016 TO 2020

- 1.1. The report and attachments at Appendices A to D, presented to Cabinet on 01 December 2015, provides an update on the Council's financial position to help inform the development of Cabinet's corporate planning and budget proposals.
- 1.2. Also attached at **Appendix E** is the draft minute from the same meeting relating to this specific report.
- 1.3. Budget and Performance Panel are asked to consider the Cabinet report and attachments in line with their Terms of Reference within the Constitution relating to financial planning.

#### OTHER RESOURCE IMPLICATIONS

**Human Resources / Information Services / Property / Open Spaces:** None directly arising in terms of the corporate nature of this report – any implications would be as a result of specific decisions on budget proposals affecting service delivery, etc.

#### **SECTION 151 OFFICER'S COMMENTS**

The Section 151 Officer has been consulted and has no further comments.

#### **MONITORING OFFICER'S COMMENTS**

The Monitoring Officer has been consulted and has no further comments.

| BACKGROUND PAPERS | Contact Officer: Andrew Clarke, Financial |
|-------------------|---|
|-------------------|---|

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None.



## Budget and Policy Framework Update 2016 to 2020 01 December 2015

#### **Report of Chief Officer (Resources)**

| PURPOSE OF REPORT   |        |                  |  |  |                       |   |
|---|--------|------------------|--|--|-----------------------|---|
| This report provides an update on the Council's financial position to help inform development of Cabinet's corporate planning and budget proposals. |        |                  |  |  |                       |   |
| Key Decision  |        | Non-Key Decision |  |  | Referral from Officer | X |
| Date of notice of forthcoming key decision  |        | 02 November 2015 |  |  |                       |   |
| This report is p  | ublic. | ı                |  |  |                       |   |

#### **OFFICER RECOMMENDATIONS:**

- 1. That Cabinet notes the draft budgetary position for current and future years as set out in the report, accepting that this is an interim update.
- 2. That the update be referred on to December Council for information.
- 3. That for the next Cabinet meeting in January, Cabinet determines its draft corporate planning and associated budget proposals to balance the General Fund budget to 2020, drawing on information from this report, the budget options currently being collated by Officers, and Government's announcements regarding the Spending Review and the Settlement.
- 4. That Cabinet indicates whether it wishes any additional facilitation to be arranged in support of the above.
- 5. That the proposals referred to in 3) above be published at the earliest opportunity, to allow feedback and due consultation.
- 6. That Cabinet notes the working principle regarding surplus balances outlined at section 3.3.3, drawing on existing approved financial strategy.

#### 1 INTRODUCTION

1.1 This report provides an update on the Council's budgetary position in view of its financial strategy. Given that at the time of writing, neither the Government's Spending Review nor the Local Government Settlement had been announced, and other budgetary work is not yet scheduled for completion, the report is an interim update only primarily for information. It does make recommendations on the work required to feed into the next formal Cabinet meeting, however.

#### 2 STRATEGIC CONTEXT

#### 2.1 THE COUNCIL'S POLICY FRAMEWORK

- 2.1.1 For its 2015/16 Corporate Plan, the City Council retained its priorities as:
  - Sustainable Economic Growth
  - Health and Wellbeing
  - Clean, Green and Safe Places, and
  - Community Leadership
- 2.1.2 These are underpinned by an Ensuring Council ethos.
- 2.1.3 In Cabinet approving this year's budget timetable, provision was made for it to determine its initial views on draft priorities with some external facilitation, drawing on the outcomes of the public satisfaction survey as attached at *Appendix A*. Cabinet's views will be informed by the various budget options being developed by Officers at the request of Cabinet. The expectation is that whatever priorities go forward, the range and nature of the supporting activities being undertaken will reduce significantly.
- 2.1.4 During December, therefore, Cabinet is recommended to use all the information available to it, in order to determine its initial corporate planning and budget proposals for January Cabinet, and in time for these to be presented to the open Budget and Performance meeting to be held on 26 January. This is in line with the timetable approved by Cabinet back in September. Depending on what options are put forward there may well be additional consultation needed and if so, this will have to be addressed also.
- 2.1.5 Other public bodies are going through similar exercises. In particular, the County Council has very recently produced its budget options and these really do underline the scale of reductions and change that local government is undergoing. The County's proposals (and those of other public authorities) will have major implications for the district, with significant knock on implications for the City Council and its own delivery of services.
- 2.1.6 As well as considering the budgetary proposals for specific functions, to inform future corporate strategy Cabinet is requested to consider what sort of direction it wishes the Council to pursue or explore. For example, does it wish to develop its culture and risk approach to:
  - explore the potential for becoming more commercial through trading? This would involve assessing the external market potential and internal capability and capacity requirements for trading in services, typically through the setting up of a company.
  - become leaner and more agile in terms of its decision-making and operational processes? This would involve reviewing the democratic decision-making arrangements, delegations for Members and Officers, and supporting processes for how staff go about their business, with a view to streamlining and speeding things up.
  - push forward with digital leadership and transformation? This would involve developing the Council's capacity and capability to redesign how it does its

business, to better meet the changing needs and wants of its communities, using technology.

- 2.1.7 All of the above would need resourcing in some form, and would requirement leadership and commitment to change. They would also require the Council to accept and embrace a greater risk appetite, as well as the potential opportunities that should flow. Crucially, this means accepting that not everything will go right, lessons will be learned ahead of 'moving on'. This still supports good governance and accountability. Realistically though, the Council cannot be risk averse (or risk unaware) if it wants to be innovative and transformational. They do not go hand in hand but there is a choice over what sort of direction, culture and approach the Council wishes to adopt.
- 2.1.8 The following budget update should be considered in context of all the above points.

#### 3 GENERAL FUND REVENUE BUDGET: SUMMARY

#### 3.1 **CURRENT YEAR POSITION**

- 3.1.1 In support of the existing Corporate Plan, at Council on 26 February Members approved the current year's budget at £17.052M, excluding parish precepts but after allowing for £1M use of Balances, giving rise to a council tax requirement of £7.9M. Since then, various changes have become apparent through monitoring and more significantly, numerous savings measures have been taken in preparation for future years' challenges. This proactive approach is an important element of the Council's financial strategy.
- 3.1.2 To draw the changes together, an in-depth update of the current year budget has now been completed, the results of which are included at *Appendices B and C*. Net spending of £16.444M is now forecast, giving a projected net underspending of £608K prior to the review of reserves and Balances. The position is explored further in section 3.4 of this report. That said, there is still time for the revised budget position to change further over the coming weeks.

#### 3.2 **FUTURE YEARS' FORECASTS**

- 3.2.1 The first full draft of future years' budgets has also been produced, in accordance with Financial Regulations and the budget strategy approved in September. Members should note that the revenue projections now cover four years, rather than the previous three year horizon.
- 3.2.2 The forecasts are summarised at **Appendix B** and in simple terms the outlook is as follows:

|   | 2016/17       | 2017/18       | 2018/19  | 2019/20  |
|---|---------------|---------------|----------|----------|
|   | £'000         | £'000         | £'000    | £'000    |
| Original Net Spending Limit Less Forecast Use of Balances  Net Revenue Budget [Approved Mar 2015] | 18,218        | 18,590        | n/a      | n/a      |
|   |               |               | New      | New      |
|   | <b>18,218</b> | <b>18,590</b> | Forecast | Forecast |
| Current Net Forecast  Reduction in forecast Net   | 17,035        | 17,209        | 18,659   | 18,790   |
|   | (1,183)       | (1,381)       | n/a      | n/a      |
| Spending  | , ,           |               |          |          |

#### 3.2.3 A number of key points are highlighted:

- Provisional increases in respect of pay, price and other economic conditions have been provided for, but these are being updated to reflect the Bank of England's November Inflation report. They are therefore still subject to change.
- Whilst operational savings have been built in, the draft position does not include any specific savings options and proposals, nor does it allow for any new growth options (or the continuation of previous fixed term ones).
- New Homes Bonus income estimates have been updated, reaching a maximum of £2.5M in 2019/20. For eligible properties, the bonus is paid for six years and as the scheme started in 2011/12, from 2017/18 the early years' allocations are starting to drop out. It is not known whether, or to what extent, the NHB scheme will remain as a permanent funding feature or if it does, how its continuation might impact on other future Government funding streams. This a significant risk, therefore.
- Capital financing costs have been updated to reflect the latest draft capital programme, set out later in this report. In line with recent guidance, there has also been a review of the asset lives over which financing costs may be spread. This has extended that spread, meaning that estimated financing costs have reduced by £275K in 2016/17 with similar reductions thereafter. The financing period now extends up to 60 years for property related schemes, and this is still considered prudent given the relevant assets' nature and expected life.
- There is no use of Balances built into the projections.
- 3.2.4 The budget review work done to date provides a good base on which to plan and prioritise.

#### 3.3 **PROVISIONS, RESERVES AND BALANCES**

3.3.1 Although provisionally the projections allow for increased contributions into the Bad Debts provision and they allow for the normal in-year application of funds, there has been no wider review of reserves and provisions as yet.

- 3.3.2 In terms of Balances, if the current year's forecast underspending proved accurate, this would mean that the budgeted £1M use of Balances would reduce by £608K, falling to £392K in 2015/16. This would result in Balances reaching £4.233M by 31 March 2016. If advice on the minimum level (currently set at £1M) remains unchanged, then £3.233M of Balances would be available to help achieve a sustainable budget over the coming years.
- 3.3.3 These matters will be explored further in the coming weeks, at which time the s151 Officer will give her formal advice on this issue. Drawing on the Council's existing Medium Term Financial Strategy (MTFS), in broad terms the working principle is that surplus Balances would be used to help manage the risks, lead-in times and up-front investment costs associated with implementing savings measures. Cabinet is requested to note this.

#### 3.4 VARIANCE ANALYSIS: WHY HAVE BUDGET PROJECTIONS CHANGED?

- 3.4.1 To draw informed conclusions about the robustness or otherwise of the Council's budgeting, it is necessary to understand more on the nature and reasoning behind the variances, and to understand the comparators.
- 3.4.2 Both Cabinet and Budget and Performance Panel have considered these aspects in recent weeks. In terms of net spending, the analysis is attached at *Appendix B*. A summary of the estimated budget movements is provided below:

|   | 2016/17<br>£'000 | 2017/18<br>£'000 |
|---|------------------|------------------|
| Reduction in Forecast Net Spending            | (1,183)          | (1,381)          |
| % Change (compared to original net forecasts) | 6.5%             | 7.4%             |
| % Change (compared to original gross          | 1.2%             | 1.4%             |
| forecasts)                                    |                  |                  |

- 3.4.3 It is pleasing to note that underspendings continue to arise from proactive efficiency savings measures, as well as other budgetary changes. As stated earlier making savings during the year is an important and accepted element of the Council's approved financial strategy.
- 3.4.4 As in previous years, staff turnover continues to deliver large savings but they will be offset in next year by increased National Insurance contributions. As reported to earlier meetings, levels of assumed turnover have been increased, drawing on recent trends.
- 3.4.5 Income generation and capital financing changes account for the bulk of other savings and underspendings.
- 3.4.6 Numerous cost pressures have been confirmed since Quarter 2 monitoring, however. These range from the Queen's visit, to Elections and Commercial Property income. Together with some capital financing aspects, they account for the change in the forecast underspending in the current year (down from £842K to £608K).
- 3.4.7 Overall, the Council's monitoring and budgeting arrangements do give scope for continuing improvement they will never be perfect but on the whole, performance is considered to be reasonably good. The most notable changes in budgeting

approach relate to being less cautious about staff turnover and income forecasts – meaning an increase in the Council's financial risk appetite. It is assumed that Members are comfortable with this.

#### 4 LOCAL TAXATION

#### 4.1 Council Tax Rates and Targets

- 4.1.1 Alongside the Settlement, Government is expected to confirm its proposals regarding council tax referendum thresholds and the future of the council tax freeze compensation scheme. This is another area in which there has been much speculation, but no firm announcements.
- 4.1.2 Simply mirroring last year, a local referendum threshold of just below 2% (1.99%) is still assumed, in line with existing MTFS targets. A 1% change in council tax is likely to amount to around £80K.
- 4.1.3 Once Government has made the relevant announcements, the various scenarios will be presented to Cabinet in order that informed recommendations can be made regarding future council tax rates and targets.

#### 4.2 Localised Council Tax Support (LCTS)

4.2.1 Following on from Council's decision to retain existing support levels, the expected financial impact from the scheme has continued to be monitored. In next year effectively a projected cost of £9.5M has been allowed for. In future years, the impact is simply expected to rise broadly in line with council tax rates, i.e. a little under 2%. There are risks around the knock on impact of other potential welfare reforms but there is also the chance that more generally caseload and total awards will continue to fall, in line with recent trends.

#### 4.3 Council Tax Collection

- 4.3.1 Council tax income (i.e. the amount collectable) continues to rise in year. The increase is the net result of all the various changes that occur in the tax base, be they in relation to new homes being built, empty properties coming back into use, changes in LCTS awarded from that budgeted, and the myriad of other banding, discount and exemption changes that occur on a daily basis. Furthermore, actual collection is holding up reasonably well.
- 4.3.2 These points result in the current estimated surplus of approaching £500K on the council tax Collection Fund, based on Quarter 2 monitoring, to be shared with other major precepting authorities. About £60K would be due to the City Council and this is reflected in the 2016/17 draft budget. Figures will be finalised in January in line with statutory requirements.
- 4.3.3 Looking ahead for next year onwards, the council tax base projections have been provisionally updated as follows:
  - in 2016/17, the estimated base has increased from 39,100 to 39,700, equating to £125,000 additional income;
  - in 2017/18, the base has increased from 39,700 to 40,300, equating to £127,000 additional income:

- this trend has been factored in up to 2019/20 also.
- 4.3.4 It is impossible to forecast the tax base with absolute certainty and so risks will always exist. Nonetheless, the exposure is considered manageable and all indications are that housing needs will continue to grow. The tax base forecasts do not yet make any specific assumptions regarding future land allocation policy, however.
- 4.3.5 On the downside, a bigger population increases the demands and pressures on many council services (such as refuse collection, tax collection, planning and environmental health services, from the City Council's perspective). As far as possible these are considered in drafting the budget but this is not an exact science and as ever, the pressures will need to be kept under review. This will be particularly so, once land allocations have been determined.

#### 4.4 Business Rates Income

- 4.4.1 This continues to pose the biggest headache, in financial planning and budgeting terms.
- 4.4.2 Government is currently consulting on reforms to the rating appeals process, but more fundamental and significant changes are expected to be consulted on at some point though this may be into the summer of next year.
- 4.4.3 The Council's hugely disproportionate exposure to rating appeals continues to be at the centre of forecasting uncertainties, but issues like the 2017 revaluation and the planned 100% retention of business rates by 2020 are now added to the mix. Specific difficulties with regard to major infrastructure hereditaments such as power stations and communications networks have gained much higher profile of late it is known that Government is aware of them but as yet there are no firm proposals on what the solution might be. Sadly there is no simple, easy fix. The position continues to be monitored, ahead of any relevant action being taken through appropriate lobbying and consultation.
- 4.4.4 Whilst all this uncertainty continues, the Council's current position is this:
  - Along with two other authorities and as reported in September, the City Council in not in a position to consider taking part in proposals for a Lancashire business rates pool. That said, Government has not been able to confirm whether there will be any new pools created for next year as in time, other Government plans will effectively undermine the existence of the current pooling arrangements.
  - In current and future years, the Council is effectively budgeting at safety net levels for retained business rates income. This is because of the potential impact of outstanding appeals. During January, the Council will have to formalise its estimates and assumptions in line with statutory requirements. In-year monitoring has demonstrated how susceptible to change the income forecasts are, but unfortunately there is nothing to indicate that the position will stabilise any time soon. For this reason, budgeting at safety net is highly likely to continue and so if any improvement in retained income is secured at some point, this would result in a bonus. Developments such as the M6 link road should present good opportunities for business rate growth, but this could still be wiped out by the outcome of appeals and other changes.

4.4.5 All the above points will be tested further over the course of the next month or so.

#### 5 **GOVERNMENT FUNDING PROSPECTS**

- 5.1 By the time of the Cabinet meeting Government will have announced the outcome of its Spending Review, due on 25 November. This should provide some useful headline messages on what Local Government's funding prospects are over the next few years, but it will not provide information at individual authority level.
- 5.2 That level of detail will be gained through the Local Government Settlement, but at the time of writing this report it was not yet known when it is due to be announced.
- 5.3 A briefing note will be produced for all Members once the Settlement has been received and its impact assessed. In any event, it will be reported formally into January's Cabinet meeting.
- 5.4 The content of the Spending Review will have direct bearing on both the impact and timing of the Settlement. As a recap:
  - In the absence of any indicative projections from Government, the MTFS approved back in March simply assumed a 5% year on year cash reduction (up to 2018/19) in the Settlement Funding Assessment (SFA) from Government. The SFA is typically the combined total of Business Rates baseline income and Revenue Support Grant (RSG).
  - More recently, in September, further modelling was undertaken drawing on the Government's summer budget and other announcements, as well as updating the Council's own net spending forecasts. This indicated a range of potential outcomes, giving a budget deficit of between £2.7M to £4.6M by 2020.
  - The indications at that time were that the bulk of funding reductions would be implemented before 2019/20, meaning that the pressures would not really increase from thereon in.
- 5.5 More recently, Government has made clear the intention that by 2020, local Government should be wholly funded by local taxation, in that it may retain 100% of business rates but would lose RSG and potentially other related grants, whilst gaining other responsibilities the overriding point being that such changes should be 'revenue neutral'. Even more recently, it has been reported that the Department for Communities and Local Government (DCLG) has agreed to budget reductions of 8% per year for the next 4 years and there is obvious speculation about whether this is what local authorities should expect to face over the coming years.
- 5.6 To summarise, Government funding uncertainties have continued to grow.

#### 6 BALANCING THE GENERAL FUND BUDGET TO 2020

6.1 Given that the Settlement announcement is imminent, at this stage there is little benefit to be gained from spending much time on modelling different funding scenarios; real information is needed at this stage in the process.

- 6.2 Nonetheless, some very limited high level work has been done to update the budget deficit scenarios, in order to not lose sight of how uncertain and challenging the position is.
- 6.3 To keep things simple, the Government funding scenarios outlined back in September have been retained. The following table shows the indicative range of savings that would be needed to balance the budget to 2020, allowing for the updated net spending forecasts outlined earlier.
- Taking account of the projected reductions in net spending and the increases in council tax yield, in broad terms the outlook is around £1.5M better by 2020, when compared with September's expectations. There is still a significant need to make further savings, however.

| Year    | Indicative General Fund Budget Deficits or Saving Requirements (Cumulative, Rounded) |                             |             |            |  |
|---------|--|-----------------------------|-------------|------------|--|
|         | Original MTFS<br>Projections   | Updated MTFS<br>Projections | Better Case | Worse Case |  |
| 2016/17 | £1.5M  | £0.5M                       | £0.4M       | £0.9M      |  |
| 2017/18 | £2M  | £0.8M                       | £0.6M       | £1.5M      |  |
| 2018/19 | N/A  | £2.1M                       | £1.7M       | £3.3M      |  |
| 2019/20 | N/A  | £1.7M £1.2M                 |             | £3.1M      |  |

- 6.5 The bottom line 2019/20 budget deficit range is emboldened, as tackling it is the main aim of this budget strategy. It is no longer about balancing just one year or taking a short term view. That said, the 2018/9 projections currently show the worst position, although this could readily change.
- 6.6 In line with that central budget aim, Officers have been working towards identifying £4M of budget options by the end of November, for Cabinet's consideration.
- 6.7 At the time of writing this report, good progress was being made on this but the exercise was still underway. More savings ideas were expected but also, the need for up-front investment was also expected to grow. Furthermore, the timing of options will need more work and this is necessary in order to feed into the review of Reserves and Balances. Nonetheless, in early December it will be possible to circulate a set of budget options for Cabinet's initial consideration and prioritisation. A further update will be provided at the Cabinet meeting.
- 6.8 Cabinet is recommended to consider the budget proposals and all other relevant information becoming available over the coming weeks, so that by the time of the January Cabinet meeting, it will be in a position to set out its corporate planning and budget proposals for consultation and referral on to Council, for initial feedback.
- 6.9 Clearly Management Team will provide whatever support is required, but Cabinet is also requested to indicate whether it wishes to arrange any additional facilitation.

6.10 Finally, Cabinet is encouraged to publish its draft proposals as soon as practical, in support of due consultation and to allow as much time as possible for feedback. This should also help with managing and addressing the expectations of communities and other stakeholders.

#### 7 GENERAL FUND CAPITAL PROGRAMME

- 7.1 Alongside updating revenue expectations, the capital programme has been updated for known changes to date. To keep revenue and capital planning horizons the same, the programme still covers the period to 2019/20.
- 7.2 Gross capital investment of £18.892M is currently forecast over the period, resulting in an increase in the Capital Financing Requirement (or underlying need to borrow) of £15.1M. This is now £2.057M higher, predominantly as a result of slippage being brought forward from last year.
- 7.3 Other changes have been made to reflect known pressures such as ICT system upgrades and provisionally the corporate property programme has been increased to reflect recent additional essential works in Lancaster Town Hall and other cost pressures (given that the condition survey that informed the programme is now 3 to 4 years old). Over the coming weeks, ways of offsetting these costs will be explored.
- 7.4 Additionally, arrangements are in hand to review the Council's planned property disposal schedule and this too will be fed into the budget process.
- 7.5 Equally important is the consideration of any up-front investment needs attached to budget savings options.
- 7.6 A full capital programme summary is included at *Appendix D*, and the movements to date are summarised below.

|   | Gross<br>Programme | Change in<br>Underlying<br>Borrowing<br>Need: CFR |
|---|--------------------|---|
|   | £000               | £000  |
| Original Approved Programme (2015/16 to 2019/20)      | 29,786             | +13,049   |
| Key Changes:  |                    |   |
| Approved Slippage (Cabinet July 2015, minute 28)      | +2,526             | +1,511  |
| Quarter 2 Monitoring: Officer Delegated Changes       | +1,120             |   |
| Wave Reflection Wall Changes / Re-profiling           | -106               | -106  |
| Vehicle, Plant and Equipment Renewals                 | -678               | -678  |
| ICT Upgrades  | +404               | +404  |
| Corporate Property Works: Increased Costs             | +851               | +851  |
| Additions / Increases in Other Council Funded Schemes | +78                | +63   |
| Other Net Changes in Externally Funded Schemes        | -36                | +12   |
| Total Changes   | 4,159              | +2,057  |
| Resulting Draft Capital Programme (to 2019/20)        | 33,945             | +15,106   |

7.7 As stated each year, all of the Council's capital investment plans need to be affordable, sustainable and prudent, and capital investment is intrinsically linked to the revenue budget. As such, the draft programme will continue to be updated during January and February as Cabinet's budget proposals develop; all in all there is scope for considerable change. This particularly so given the potential for upfront capital investment requirements attached to any invest to save or similar budget proposals. The current update may be regarded simply as a snapshot, therefore.

#### 8 COUNCIL HOUSING (HOUSING REVENUE ACCOUNT- HRA)

- 8.1 As reflected in the MTFS, Cabinet's current rent policy for council housing is based on:
  - an average rent of £71.31 for 2015/16, representing a 2% increase on the previous vear; and
  - target average rent increases of 3% year on year thereafter.
- 8.2 The aim of the policy was to strike a balance between keeping rents affordable, managing financial risks, and increasing and improving council housing provision. For information a 1% change in rent equates to approaching £140K.
- 8.3 In recent months, however, Government has made various announcements and issued draft legislation that, if enacted, would undermine the Council's current rent policy. Although clarity is still needed on various Government proposals, the main working assumption for the future is that:
  - for most properties, rents will have to reduce 1% year on year, except where properties become vacant and their rents have not yet reached convergence with other social housing providers (i.e. they are below what is referred to as 'formula rent'). In these circumstances, then the rents to be charged for new tenancies can increase up to the formula rent level, less the 1% year on year reduction.
- 8.4 The policy details and operational implications for other potential changes, such as charging higher rents for those tenants on high incomes and selling off high value properties, are by no means clear. At this stage therefore, the implications are unknown.
- 8.5 Government's emerging policy for social housing rent has massive implications for the viability of Council Housing's 30-year business plan. Initial estimates indicated a shortfall of around £90M over the period, as was reported back in September.
- 8.6 In response to this challenging environment, an annual savings target of £500K was set for the HRA. Whilst various business functions are being reviewed, it is crucial that the 30-year business plan review is completed to inform the future capital programme and other planned/reactive maintenance provisions. Linked to this, the outcome of the recent high level review of the Repair and Maintenance Service needs to be finalised and reported through, together with any resulting action plan. Similarly, a decision will need to be reached on whether any new build plans go ahead, or whether they are formally put on hold for the time being.
- 8.7 Arrangements are in hand to ensure these points are addressed for reflecting in the January report to Cabinet. At that meeting, full HRA budget proposals for 2016/17

- and beyond (as far as the latter can be developed) will be presented for Cabinet's consideration.
- 8.8 Once Government policy is clarified, there may well be a need to stand back and appraise future prospects for the viability of local authority housing provision, and how best they can be managed. If so, in all likelihood this would be a matter for consideration during 2016/17, assuming that Government policy and the legislative framework is settled by then.

#### 9 **DETAILS OF CONSULTATION**

- 9.1 The outcome of high level public consultation is set out at *Appendix A* for Members' information and consideration.
- 9.2 Consultation on General Fund matters will be undertaken primarily with relevant stakeholders through the Budget and Performance Panel meeting in January, prior to Budget Council in early March. More specific consultation may be required depending on the budget savings options being considered. Consultation on council housing matters will be undertaken through the District Wide Tenants' Forum. This is in line with the Council's consultation strategy.

#### 10 OPTIONS AND OPTIONS ANALYSIS (INCLUDING RISK ASSESSMENT)

10.1 Given that this report is primarily for information, no specific options are put forward.

#### 11 **CONCLUSION**

- 11.1 Budget work is progressing pretty much as planned but as more Government announcements are made, the scope for change and uncertainty increases. The only certainty is that of austerity but at the time of writing this report, the scale of that austerity was not yet known.
- 11.2 Whatever the position, ahead of its next formal meeting Cabinet needs to make the most of the time available to it, by progressing its prioritisation and consideration of budget and planning options. This is so that it can be in a position to present its budget proposals to Budget and Performance Panel towards the end of January. This is essential to allow due consultation and to help manage community expectations. Inevitably deadlines are tight but this is unavoidable given the timing of the Government funding announcements and the statutory deadline (11 March) for setting the budget.
- 11.3 Focus must be on setting a four-year plan. For General Fund in particular, this is the only way in which reasonable planning can be achieved for the Council's reserves and Balances. Various savings proposals will have up-front costs, risks and lead-in times attached Balances are a key tool with which these can be managed.

#### RELATIONSHIP TO POLICY FRAMEWORK

The budget should represent, in financial terms, what the Council is seeking to achieve through its Policy Framework.

#### **CONCLUSION OF IMPACT ASSESSMENT**

(including Diversity, Human Rights, Community Safety, Sustainability etc)

None directly arising in terms of the corporate nature of this report – any implications would be as a result of specific decisions on budget proposals affecting service delivery, etc.

#### FINANCIAL IMPLICATIONS

As set out in the report.

#### **SECTION 151 OFFICER'S COMMENTS**

The section 151 Officer (as Chief Officer (Resources)) has produced this report as part of her responsibilities.

#### LEGAL IMPLICATIONS

Legal Services have been consulted and have no observations to make on the report.

#### **MONITORING OFFICER'S COMMENTS**

The Monitoring Officer has been consulted and has no further comments.

#### **BACKGROUND PAPERS**

None. Background information has previously been published as part of earlier committee reports, as appropriate. Contact Officer: Nadine Muschamp

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# Lancaster Residents Survey 2015 Research Report



Report prepared by Adam Pearson Infusion Research On behalf of Lancaster Council adam@infusion.org.uk 01282 661614 www.infusion.org.uk August 2015



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#### 1 Executive Summary

#### 1.1 Overview of approach

The approach to understand residents' views on Council priorities and their local community comprised of two distinct methods. A robust piece of street interview research captured a **random sample of 600 Lancaster City Council residents**, the findings of which provide a representative view of the population. A supplementary open-access consultation was made available online, using various communication channels, to gather the views and opinions of other interested residents.

The key findings in 1.2 to 1.4 are based on the robust research findings, with any noticeable differences in the response to the online consultation summarised in 1.5.

#### 1.2 Local priorities and Council spending

- Welfare benefits and community support, job prospects and affordable decent housing are most important to residents and the areas where they don't want to see spending reduced reflects this
- Job prospects are most important to residents aged 16 to 44
- Arts funding and museums are universally considered least important and hence the services residents are most willing to see reductions in spending to
- Over half of residents who use the services would pay more for venue hire and to use Salt Ayre Sports Centre
- Parking is the service residents are least willing to pay more for

#### 1.3 The local community

- Around a third of residents might consider taking a more active role in their community but two thirds would not
- The main reason given for not doing so was a lack of time, followed by lack of interest
- Over half of residents aged 65 or over indicated that health reasons prevent them from taking a more active role
- People are most likely to take part in litter picks than any other voluntary activity
- Around three in five residents understand what the role of their local councillor is, but this varies depending on age with younger people less likely to understand than older people

 More residents disagree than agree that their local councillor encourages people to get involved in their local community

#### 1.4 Contacting the Council

- Traditional contact methods, in person or over the telephone, dominate residents' first choice for getting in touch with the Council
- However, online channels become more prominent in second and third choice selections
- Indeed, one in four residents who prefer traditional methods are also willing or able to use online methods of contact as a second or third choice

#### 1.5 Notable findings in the online consultation

- Respondents to the online consultation indicated that waste and recycling was most important to them, whereas it was ranked 8<sup>th</sup> in the research sample
- Online respondents were most likely to prefer email as a method for contacting the council
- People contributing to the open-access consultation were more willing to play a
  more active role in their local area, but less likely to be interested in the
  voluntary activities suggested by the council
- Respondents were more likely to understand the role of their local councillor compared to people interviewed on the street, but they shared a similar level of agreement (or lack of) that councillors encourage people to get involved in their local community

#### 2 Background and Methodology

#### 2.1 Background

Lancaster City Council is facing a bleak financial future and needs to make annual savings of approximately £2 million over the next couple of years and in every year that follows. This is effectively 11% of its Net Revenue Budget of £17 million. The council has saved over £5 million per year, over the last five years (since 2010/11).

To make further savings, it will need to reduce or stop providing even more of the things it does and increase income opportunities, where possible. This means that the council has some very difficult decisions to make.

To help inform these decisions about where limited resources should be targeted, Lancaster City Council commissioned a piece of research and consultation to gather residents' views on Council priorities, the local community and how they prefer to contact the Council.

Specifically, the objective of the research was to understand:

- What is most important and least important to people in their local area
- Services residents think should and should not see reductions in spending
- Services that residents would be willing to pay more for
- Willingness of people to take a more active role in their community
- Specific volunteering activities which interest local people
- Understanding and awareness of the role of local councillors
- Preferred methods when contacting the Council
- Any comments or suggestions about the Council and how it could save money or increase income

#### 2.2 Methodology - Street Research

Two methodological approaches were adopted to meet the objectives outlined above whilst ensuring a balance was achieved between engaging residents of Lancaster and nearby areas and conducting a robust piece of research.

Robust research was undertaken in the form of structured street interviews with residents of Lancaster City Council. The interviews lasted approximately 5 minutes and were undertaken in Lancaster, Carnforth and Morecambe in accordance with the Market Research Society Code of Conduct.

The street interviews were conducted on a range of days, including both weekdays and weekends, to gather a varied spread of resident views and maximise opportunities

to participate in the research. Moreover, on initial approach a screening question was used to ensure the sample compromises of local residents only.

**600 interviews** were conducted with residents of Lancaster City Council between 9 July and 15 August 2015. 300 were undertaken in Lancaster and 150 in each of Morecambe and Carnforth.

How well the sample represents the population is gauged by two statistics – the confidence interval and confidence level. This is a standard way of reporting representativeness in research. **The research has a confidence level of plus or minus 3.99% at the 95% confidence level** based on a Lancaster City Council population of 138,375 (2011 Census). This means that if the survey was conducted 100 times, the data would be within 3.99 percentage points above or below the percentage reported in 95 of 100 cases.

Figure 2.1: Confidence intervals at 95% confidence level

| Sample size | Confidence interval |  |
|-------------|---------------------|--|
| 1000        | +/- 3.1             |  |
| 750         | +/- 3.6             |  |
| 600         | +/- 4.0             |  |
| 500         | +/- 4.4             |  |
| 250         | +/- 6.2             |  |
| 100         | +/- 9.8             |  |

<sup>\*</sup>Confidence interval percentage to one decimal place

However, when sub-samples are analysed such as specific demographic groups this confidence interval will be higher as it is based on a smaller sample size. This has been considered when presenting the findings within this report.

When analysing literal responses (comments made by respondents in their own words, rather than responses which selected from options provided by the researchers), comments were manually grouped into key categories to enable some quantitative analysis, supported by example comments. Any exploration of comments within this report is not necessarily representative of the views of the wider sample.

The data has been weighted by gender, age, disability and ethnicity to ensure the results presented are representative of the Lancaster City Council population. Weighting the data means that the views of over-represented groups do not skew the

findings, while the views of under-represented groups are not under-reported in the analysis. Throughout this report percentages used are based on the weighted data.

#### 2.3 Methodology – Open Access Consultation

An open-access online survey was hosted on the Lancaster City Council website between Monday 6 July and Monday 17 August 2015.

This was actively promoted in the following ways:

- Press releases (page 5 of the Visitor on 8 July 2015 and page 8 of the Lancaster Guardian on 9 July 2015)
- Website presence as the main news story
- Via the Council's Facebook and Twitter social media accounts
- Posters in council buildings and libraries
- Promotion on customer service and library screens
- An article in a CVS bulletin
- Councillors were also made aware of the consultation via the press release

**183 responses** were received to the online consultation.

As already referred to, these findings have been kept separate from the street interview research sample. The online survey should be considered a consultation whereby anybody interested in having their say could take part. This introduces an element of self-selection bias and often online responses and comments tend to be more vociferous than those expressed through a random research sample approach.

#### 3 Street Research Findings

This section presents the main findings from the street interview research undertaken.

#### 3.1 Who responded?

As outlined in section 2.2, data from the 600 street interviews undertaken has been weighted to ensure the results are representative of the Lancaster City Council population.

Gender, age, disability and ethnicity fields were weighted. Population data used to calculate the weighted results has been taken from the 2011 Census to reflect the actual Lancaster local authority area working-age (16 or over) population breakdowns.

Encouragingly, a good response was achieved from the younger age groups who are usually more difficult to reach using other methods such as postal surveys.

Figure 3.1: Gender, age, disability and ethnicity weighting (base – 600)

|  | Unweighted |     | Weighted |     |
|--|------------|-----|----------|-----|
|  | Count      | %   | Count    | %   |
| Gender                                   |            |     |          |     |
| Male                                     | 284        | 48% | 286      | 48% |
| Female                                   | 313        | 52% | 315      | 52% |
| Age                                      |            |     |          |     |
| 16 to 24                                 | 69         | 12% | 121      | 20% |
| 25 to 34                                 | 69         | 12% | 80       | 13% |
| 35 to 44                                 | 90         | 15% | 89       | 15% |
| 45 to 54                                 | 138        | 23% | 94       | 16% |
| 55 to 64                                 | 120        | 20% | 86       | 14% |
| 65 or over                               | 111        | 19% | 130      | 22% |
| Limiting long-term illness or disability |            |     |          |     |
| Yes, limited a lot                       | 47         | 8%  | 55       | 9%  |
| Yes, limited a little                    | 87         | 15% | 61       | 10% |
| No                                       | 452        | 77% | 486      | 81% |
| Ethnicity                                |            |     |          |     |
| White                                    | 581        | 97% | 575      | 96% |
| BME/ Other                               | 17         | 3%  | 26       | 4%  |

Whilst the respondents' ward area has not been weighted due to the small sample sizes, figure 3.2 overleaf demonstrates the spread of responses achieved from residents across the Borough.

A proportion of residents interviewed were not willing to provide a full postcode, although they did confirm that they lived within the Borough.

Due to the small sub-samples when broken down to this level no analysis will be undertaken by ward area as the findings would not be reliable.

Figure 3.2: Response by ward (base – 600)

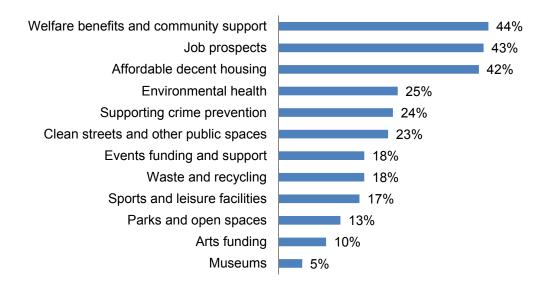
|                                   | Count | %   |
|-----------------------------------|-------|-----|
| Bare                              | 23    | 4%  |
| Bolton Le Sands & Slyne with Hest | 28    | 5%  |
| Bulk                              | 23    | 4%  |
| Carnforth & Millhead              | 60    | 10% |
| Castle                            | 27    | 5%  |
| Ellel                             | 13    | 2%  |
| Halton with Aughton               | 6     | 1%  |
| Harbour                           | 38    | 6%  |
| Heysham Central                   | 6     | 1%  |
| Heysham North                     | 11    | 2%  |
| Heysham South                     | 32    | 5%  |
| John O'Gaunt                      | 21    | 4%  |
| Kellet                            | 9     | 2%  |
| Lower Lune Valley                 | 10    | 2%  |
| Marsh                             | 19    | 3%  |
| Overton                           | 3     | 1%  |
| Poulton                           | 37    | 6%  |
| Scotforth East                    | 14    | 2%  |
| Scotforth West                    | 29    | 5%  |
| Silverdale                        | 13    | 2%  |
| Skerton East                      | 29    | 5%  |
| Skerton West                      | 33    | 6%  |
| Torrisholme                       | 13    | 2%  |
| University and Scotforth Rural    | 3     | 1%  |
| Upper Lune Valley                 | 5     | 1%  |
| Warton                            | 13    | 2%  |
| Westgate                          | 14    | 2%  |
| Carnforth - no exact postcode     | 23    | 4%  |
| Lancaster - no exact postcode     | 29    | 5%  |
| Morecambe - no exact postcode     | 16    | 3%  |

#### 3.2 Council Priorities

Q1 – Thinking generally, which of the following do you think are most and least important in your local area?

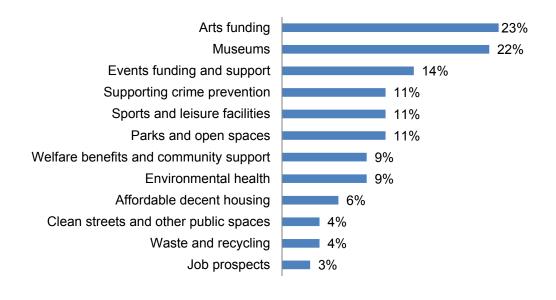
Welfare benefits and community support appear most important to residents of Lancaster City Council, closely followed by job prospects and affordable decent housing.

Figure 3.3: Most important to residents (base – 600)



Conversely, arts funding and museums are considered least important.

Figure 3.4: Least important to residents (base – 600)



There are some differences in local priorities when the results are analysed by demographics, despite the overall top three remaining unchanged throughout.

Job prospects appear particularly important to those residents aged 25 to 34. Indeed, job prospects are most important for all age groups between 16 and 44.

Half of residents aged 65 or over consider affordable decent housing to be an important issue in their local area.

Figure 3.5: Top three priorities by age and gender

|   | 1st  | 2nd  | 3rd  |
|---|--|--|--|
| Gender                                      |  |  |  |
| Male  | Job prospects (49%)  | Welfare benefits and community support (48%) | Affordable decent housing (43%)              |
| Female                                      | Affordable decent housing (41%)                                  | Welfare benefits and community support (40%) | Job prospects (38%)                          |
| Age   |  |  |  |
| 16 to 24                                    | Job prospects (44%)  | Affordable decent housing (36%)              | Welfare benefits and community support (35%) |
| 25 to 34                                    | 4 Job prospects (60%) Affordable decent housing (48%)            |  | Welfare benefits and community support (48%) |
| 35 to 44                                    | Job prospects (47%) Welfare benefits and community support (44%) |  | Affordable decent housing (42%)              |
| 45 to 54                                    | Welfare benefits and community support (53%)                     | Job prospects (44%)                          | Affordable decent housing (40%)              |
| 55 to 64                                    | Affordable decent housing (37%)                                  | Welfare benefits and community support (37%) | Job prospects (34%)                          |
| 65 or over  Affordable decent housing (50%) |  | Welfare benefits and community support (47%) | Job prospects (35%)                          |

Q2 – Please choose three services where you think reductions in spending should be made and three services where reductions in spending should not be made.

Where residents think spending on services should be reduced and where it should be protected very much reflect the priorities they value above. Around a quarter of residents indicated that spending should be reduced on museums and arts funding.

Figure 3.6: Where to reduce spending (base - 600)

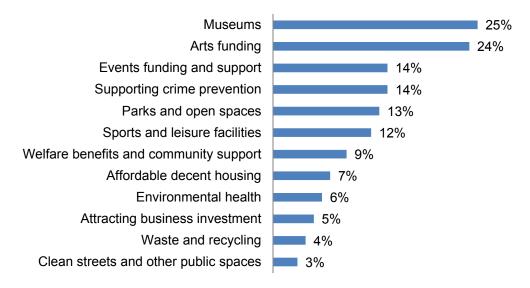
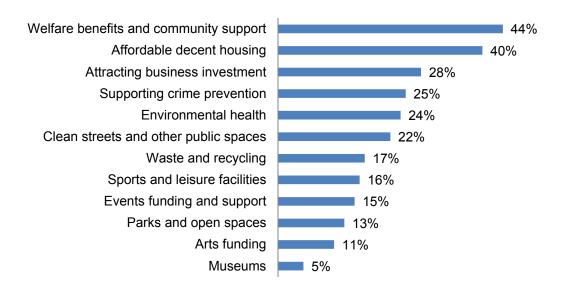


Figure 3.7: Where not to reduce spending (base – 600)



When analysed by gender and age, museums and arts funding are unanimously the top two services where residents indicated spending should be reduced.

However, there is some variation in the third selection. Males would rather see reductions to parks and open spaces, a view shared by the 16 to 24 and 65 or over age groups. Whereas females and residents aged 45 to 54 suggest spending should be reduced in events funding and support. The third highest selection for the 35 to 44 age group was reductions in spending on supporting crime prevention.

Figure 3.8: Top three reductions in spending by age and gender

|            | 1st                | 2nd                | 3rd                               |
|------------|--------------------|--------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Gender     |                    |                    |                                   |
| Male       | Museums (26%)      | Arts funding (24%) | Parks and open spaces (18%)       |
| Female     | Arts funding (24%) | Museums (23%)      | Events funding and support (14%)  |
| Age        |                    |                    |                                   |
| 16 to 24   | Museums (23%)      | Arts funding (18%) | Parks and open spaces (15%)       |
| 25 to 34   | Arts funding (36%) | Museums (31%)      | Events funding and support (23%)  |
| 35 to 44   | Arts funding (33%) | Museums (30%)      | Supporting crime prevention (20%) |
| 45 to 54   | Museums (29%)      | Arts funding (24%) | Events funding and support (16%)  |
| 55 to 64   | Arts funding (21%) | Museums (19%)      | -                                 |
| 65 or over | Arts funding (20%) | Museums (19%)      | Parks and open spaces (18%)       |

Q3 – If you use or would use any of the following services, would you be willing to pay a fee or pay more than you currently do?

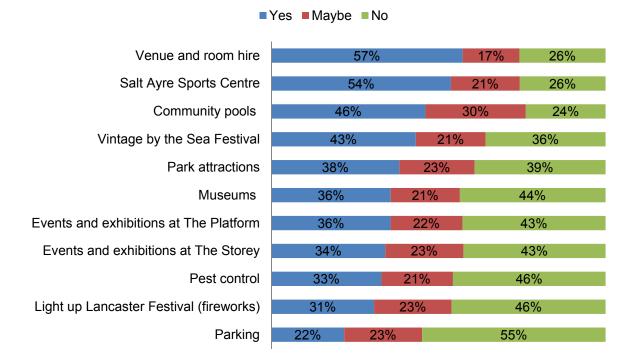
Following on from questions on local area priorities and spending reductions, residents were asked if they would be willing to pay a fee or pay more than they currently do for a range of different services.

The following chart is based on those residents who do or would use the different services offered by Lancaster City Council.

57% of residents indicated that they would be willing to pay a fee, or more than they currently do, for venue and room hire.

Parking is the service residents are least willing to pay more for.

Figure 3.9: Willingness to pay a fee, or more, for services (base – 449 to 541)

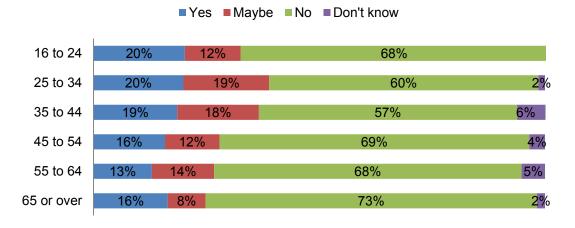


#### 3.3 The Local Community

Q4 – In light of the financial savings that need to be made, the council may need local people to help support some services in future. Would you be willing to consider taking a more active role in your community?

Residents were asked if they would be willing to take a more active role in their community. Overall, 17% of residents would take a more active role and a further 14% might do. However, two thirds would not. It appears that younger residents are more likely to get involved, particularly the 25 to 34 age group.

Figure 3.10: Willingness to take a more active role in the community, by age (base – 599)



Q5 – If not, what is it that would prevent you from doing so?

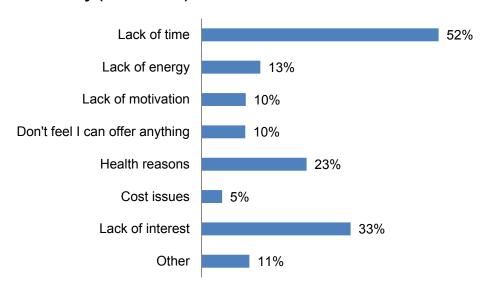
Those who are not willing to take a more active role were asked what is preventing them from doing so.

The main reason given is a lack of time, followed by lack of interest and health reasons. Lack of time was a particular barrier for those aged 25 to 34 (64%) and 35 to 44 (60%).

54% of residents aged 65 or over cited health reasons as stopping them from taking a more active role in the community.

Other reasons given for not being able to take a more active role in the community include residents who already volunteer, a view that local people should be paid to help, childcare and issues with transport.

Figure 3.11: What is preventing residents from taking a more active role in their community (base – 441)

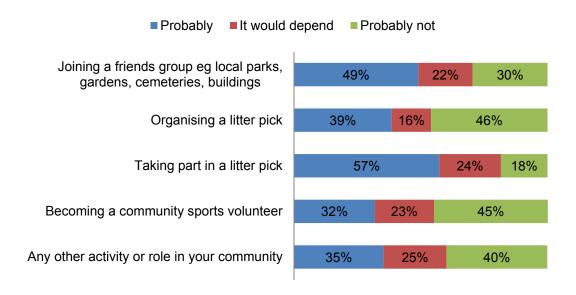


Q6 – If you would be willing to take a more active role, which, if any, of the following activities might you be interested in?

Of those residents who indicated they are or maybe willing to take a more active role in the community were then asked which, if any, of a range of voluntary activities they would be interested in.

57% are probably interested in taking part in a litter pick with a further 24% suggesting it would depend. Interest in organising a litter pick is considerably lower.

Figure 3.12: Voluntary activities residents would be interested in (base – 162)

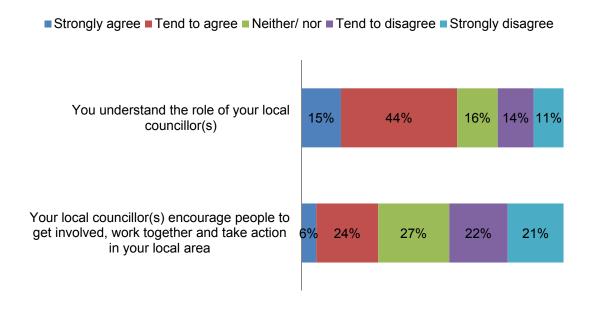


Q8 – To what extent do you agree or disagree with the following statements about your local councillor(s)?

59% of residents strongly or tend to agree that they understand the role of their local councillor. 25% tend to or strongly disagree. Understanding is highest amongst residents aged 65 or over (72%) and lowest for those aged 16 to 24 (48%).

43% of residents strongly or tend to disagree that their local councillor encourages people to get involved, work together and take action in their local area.

Figure 3.13: Agreement with local councillor statements (base – 598)



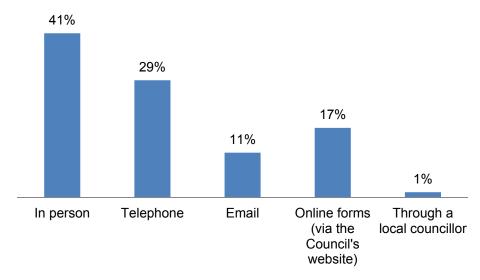
#### 3.4 Contacting the Council

Q9 – Which of the following ways do you/ would you prefer to use to contact the council?

Residents were asked what methods they do or prefer to use to contact the Council and were given the option to provide to first, second and third choice.

Looking at residents' first choice contact method, traditional methods are more popular than online channels.

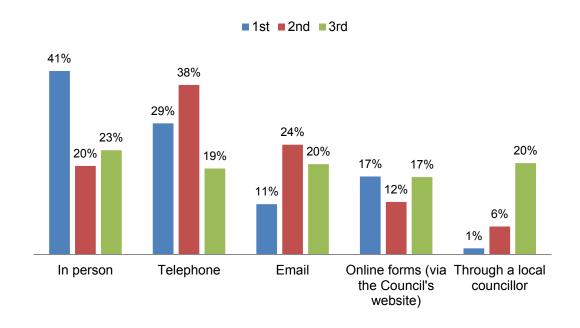
Figure 3.14: First choice method for contacting the Council (base – 599)



Of the 420 residents who identified a traditional method (in person or telephone) as their first choice, 107 selected either email or online forms as their second choice. This suggests that one in four residents who prefer traditional methods of contact are also willing or able to use online methods of contact.

Figure 3.15 overleaf highlights the first, second and third choice contact methods for Lancaster residents. Whilst email is not a popular first choice, residents are more likely to consider it a second or third choice option.

Figure 3.15: First, second and third choice methods for contacting the Council (base - 598, 547 and 417 respectively)



Q10 – Do you have any other comments or suggestions that you would like to make about Lancaster City Council, e.g. ways we could make savings or increase income?

Finally, residents were given the opportunity to make any comments about the Council or suggest ways in which savings could be made or income increased. A variety of comments were made as captured in the below word cloud (the larger the theme, the more it was mentioned).

> Donation buckets at events Increase sports/ health services More government support Slight overall increase for certain services

Increase tax/ rates More resident involvement

Spend less on arts/ sculptures

Free/ cheaper parking

Use volunteers/ community payback/ benefits claimants to help with jobs

Spend more on the towns to attract tourists

**Cut Councillors/ Councillors expenses** 

Bring more business to area Increase job opportunities

Reduce Council staff/ staff wages Housing issues

More help from other services (Police, NHS etc)

Make more use of online services to reduce costs 

Cut all services by a small percentage

A number of comments suggested that volunteers or job seekers could help the Council and do more in the community. For example:

- "More council volunteers and public volunteers at events rather than paying for security"
- "Have residents being responsible for cleaning their own areas"
- "Claimants should play a more active role in the council and duties the council puts forward to them"
- "Invest more on utilising the unemployed"

Several comments from residents indicated that reducing parking charges would be welcomed and would also help to stimulate business in the town centres. Comments included:

- "Reduce parking costs to encourage more people into town"
- "Parking should be free for 2 hours in Morecambe"
- "Reduced parking charges at certain times of the day"
- "Reduced parking costs or offers like 'first hour free"

Some people indicated that they were prepared to see a small increase in their Council Tax to protect services, although this wasn't a view shared by all residents.

- "Small Council Tax increase"
- "The Council Tax could be increased within reason to keep things going"
- "Charge students Council Tax"

Generally, the range and mix of comments emphasise the challenge that the Council faces when looking at where to reduce spending. A few comments suggest that all services should be protected and there are various conflicting priorities emerging from the resident feedback, including focus on investment and business.

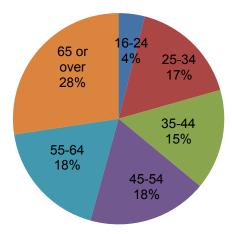
- "Don't cut any services, arts services really important"
- "Don't reduce any funding if possible"
- "No cuts to front line services"

### 4 Open Access Consultation

#### 4.1 Who responded?

Of the 183 respondents to the online consultation, 55% were male, 40% were female and 5% did not indicate their gender. The age profile of consultation respondents is older than the research sample. Of those who indicated the age group they belong to, 28% were aged 65 or over. Just 4% were aged between 16 and 24.

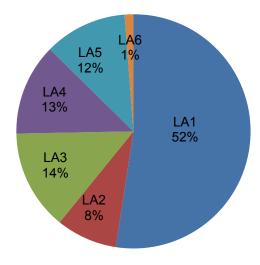
Figure 4.1: Age of online respondents (base – 175)



28% of the online respondents consider themselves to have a limiting long-term illness or disability, although only 6% indicated that it limits them a lot. Like the research sample and the overall Borough population, the majority of respondents were of White ethnicity.

166 home postcodes were provided from the 183 respondents, although a proportion of these were partial postcodes. Over half were from the LA1 area.

Figure 4.2: Postcode area of online respondents (base – 166)



#### 4.2 Council Priorities

Q1 – Thinking generally, which of the following do you think are most and least important in your local area?

Respondents were asked to select a maximum of three things which are most and least important to them in their local area. Waste and recycling is the most important issue to people responding to the online consultation, followed by affordable decent housing and welfare benefits and community support. Comparatively, waste and recycling was considered the 8<sup>th</sup> most important thing to people in the research sample.

Waste and recycling 43% Affordable decent housing 39% Welfare benefits and community support 37% Job prospects 33% Environmental health 32% Clean streets and other public spaces 31% Supporting crime prevention 28% Parks and open spaces 28% Sports and leisure facilities 14% Arts funding 11% Events funding and support 11% Museums 9%

Figure 4.3: Most important to online respondents (base – 183)

Arts funding and events funding and support are considered least important.

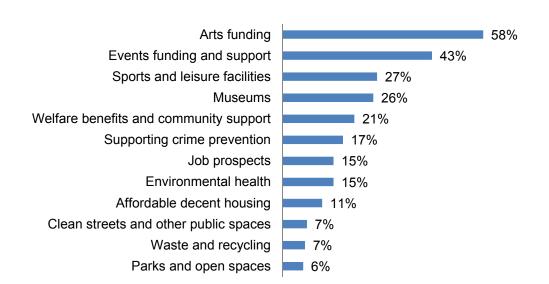


Figure 4.4: Least important to online respondents (base - 183)

Q2 – Please choose three services where you think reductions in spending should be made and three services where reductions in spending should not be made.

Aligning to what they find least important, over half of online respondents indicated that arts funding should be reduced. Moreover, 38% suggested events funding and support should be reduced and 32% identified sports and leisure facilities as an area where spending should be cut.

Arts funding 52% Events funding and support 38% Sports and leisure facilities 32% Museums 26% Welfare benefits and community support 22% Attracting business investment 18% Supporting crime prevention 17% Environmental health 15% Affordable decent housing 13% Waste and recycling 10% Parks and open spaces 9% Clean streets and other public spaces 4%

Figure 4.5: Services where spending should be reduced (base – 183)

Welfare benefits and community support, waste and recycling and affordable decent housing are the services which online respondents felt should not be reduced.

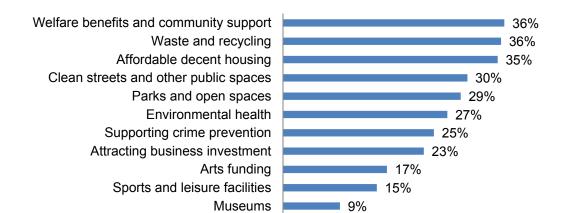


Figure 4.6: Services where spending should not be reduced (base - 183)

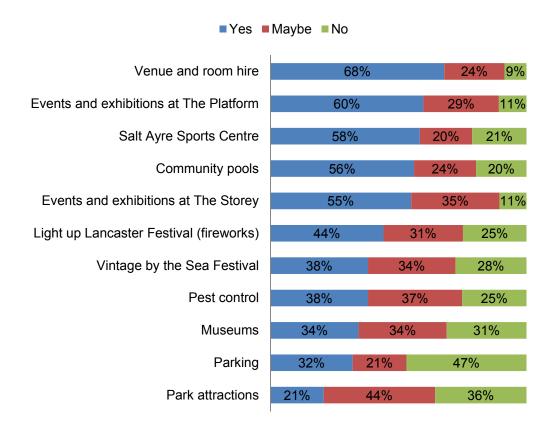
Events funding and support

Q3 – If you use or would use any of the following services, would you be willing to pay a fee or pay more than you currently do?

Of those that use the range of services listed, generally speaking there is a good level of willingness to pay a fee or more than they currently do. Indeed, nearly seven in ten online respondents would pay more for venue and room hire.

Like the street research, people are least willing to pay more for parking.

Figure 4.7: Willingness to pay for services (base – 126 to 162)



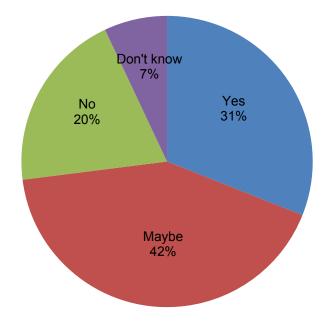
#### 4.3 Local Community

Q4 – In light of the financial savings that need to be made, the council may need local people to help support some services in future. Would you be willing to consider taking a more active role in your community?

31% of online respondents indicated that they would be willing to take a more active role in their community. This is higher than the street research sample of 17%.

Moreover, 42% would 'maybe' consider taking a more active role.

Figure 4.8: Willingness to take a more active role in the community (base – 178)

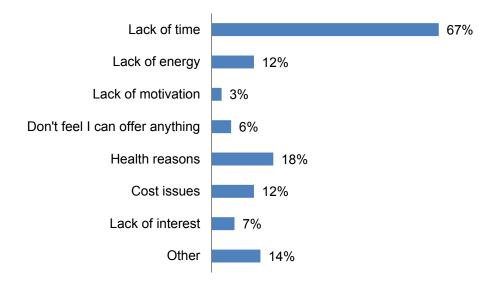


Q5 – If not, what is it that would prevent you from doing so?

Two thirds of those who are not willing to take a more active role indicated that this is due to a lack of time. Only 7% of online respondents suggest that lack of interest is a barrier, compared to 33% of the research sample.

'Other' reasons include already being active in the community and volunteering, a lack of transport/ accessibility and a sense that people should be paid to help.

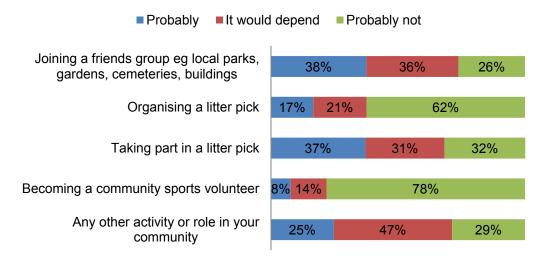
Figure 4.9: Reasons preventing people from taking a more active role (base – 105)



Q6 – If you would be willing to take a more active role, which, if any, of the following activities might you be interested in?

Of those willing to take a more active role, friends groups and litter picks appear to be the most appealing activities. Interest in organising a litter pick and becoming a community sports volunteer is low. Overall, willingness amongst the online respondents is lower than those interested from the street research.

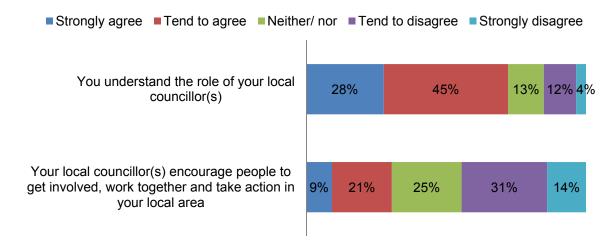
Figure 4.10: Voluntary activities people would be interested in (base – 128 to 149)



Q8 – To what extent do you agree or disagree with the following statements about your local councillor(s)?

73% of online respondents strongly or tend to agree that they understand the role of their local councillor. More respondents disagree (45%) than agree (30%) that their local councillor encourages people to get involved in their local area.

Figure 4.11: Agreement statements relating to local councillors (base – 173)

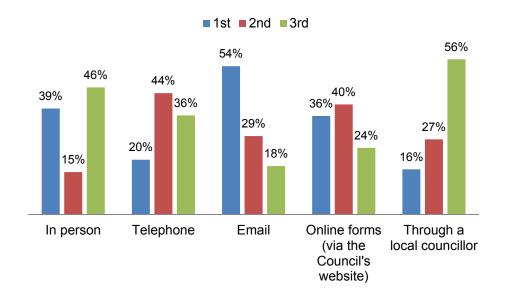


Q9 – Which of the following ways do you/ would you prefer to use to contact the council?

Online respondents were asked what their first, second and third choice communication methods are for contacting the Council.

The most popular contact method for online respondents is email as might be expected given the response method to the survey. Comparatively, just 11% of the research sample identified email as their first choice contact method.

Figure 4.12: Top 3 contact methods (base – 183)



Q10 – Do you have any other comments or suggestions that you would like to make about Lancaster City Council, e.g. ways we could make savings or increase income?

105 online respondents made a comment in the residents survey. Like the face-to-face research, the views expressed were wide ranging but a couple of significant themes emerged.

A number of respondents suggested that the amount of staff and councillors could be looked at or pay and terms and conditions reviewed. Comments included:

- "Too many managers, flexi time being abused"
- "Sack all the officers occupying nonsense jobs created by excessive regulation"
- "Reduce Chief Executive pay or share a Chief Executive"
- "Reduce councillors' expenses"
- "You could save money by freezing the pay of all council employees earning over £25,000 a year"

Some respondents feel more could be done by the Council when it comes to fining people for anti-social behaviour, particularly in relation to littering and dog fouling:

- "People who do not use the recycling bins should be fined"
- "Zero tolerance on litter and dog mess"
- "Increase penalties for people caught dropping litter, dog fouling"

## **GENERAL FUND REVENUE BUDGET 2015/16 TO 2019/20**

For Consideration by Cabinet 01 December 2015

|             |   | 2015/16    | 2016/17  | 2017/18   | 2018/19 | 2019/20 |
|-------------|---|------------|----------|-----------|---------|---------|
|             |   | £000       | £000     | £000      | £000    | £000    |
|             | Original Revenue Budget & Projections   | 17,052     | 18,218   | 18,590    | 0       | 0       |
|             | Allowing for budgeted use of Balances   | (1,000)    | 0        | 0         | 0       | 0       |
|             | Changes to Budget Projections - Cabinet 01 December                                   | (608)      | (1,183)  | (1,381)   | 18,659  | 18,790  |
| S           | Additional Contribution to / (from) Balances  | 608        | 0        | 0         | 0       | 0       |
| NO          | Projected Net Revenue Budget  | 17,052     | 17,035   | 17,209    | 18,659  | 18,790  |
| PROJECTIONS | Estimated Collection Fund Surplus   | (131)      | (60)     | 0         | 0       | 0       |
| PRO.        | Target Council Tax Requirement (To fit with a council tax increase of 1.99% per year) | (7,853)    | (8,259)  | (8,550)   | (8,850) | (9,159) |
| Ē           | Tax Base Projections  | 38,500     | 39,700   | 40,300    | 40,900  | 41,500  |
| BUDGET      | Settlement Funding Needed (to Balance Budget)   | 9,068      | 8,716    | 8,659     | 9,809   | 9,631   |
| BU          |   |            |          |           |         |         |
|             | Indicative Funding Shortfalls (i.e  | e. Savings | Requiren | nents) ba | sed on: |         |
|             | Updated MTFS (Sept 2015)  |            | 496      | 836       | 2,076   | 1,736   |
|             | Better Case   |            | 400      | 589       | 1,722   | 1,179   |
|             | Worse Case  |            | 898      | 1,533     | 3,307   | 3,146   |



£

# Page 55 GENERAL FUND VARIANCE ANALYSIS

For Consideration by Cabinet 01 December 2015

2015/16 Revised Compared to Original Budget

£

2016/17 Estimate Compared to Original Forecast

£

**ORIGINAL BUDGET OR FORECAST** 17,052,100 18,218,400 **EXPENDITURE** Adverse / (Favourable) **Employee Savings** Net turnover, incremental progression & restructures (353,700)(71,000)New Fraud Team - offset by savings on Revs & Bens Management Fee 60,600 0 Additional overtime (Environmental Services) 13,900 (16,300)Impact of National Insurance changes 0 250,800 Increase in turnover provision 0 (339,800)(200,600) 23,500 **Transport** Vehicle leasing, hire & insurance 12.800 (5.300)Vehicle repair & maintenance 13,800 11,900 Reduced fuel costs (92,500)(124,800)Pool Cars (linked to phasing out of Essential User Allowance) 17,100 21,500 Reduced Car allowances & Essential User Allowance (phased savings) (10,600)(59,400)(49,400)(146,100)Energy (gas & electricity - Corporate Properties) (63,600)(96,000)Water charges (mainly Happy Mount Park & Cemeteries Surface Water) (2,300)(23,000)**Business Rates increases** (36,100)29,800 3,200 (115,800)Supplies & Services Waste Collection savings on replacement bins & boxes (34,000)(35,400)45,000 Elections - additional cost due to increased staffing Member Allowances & training (10,400)(10,500)HR&OD - various minor savings (7,200)(13,800)(900) 20.100 Building Control consultancy - net of salary savings Saving re new christmas lights O (7,100)Cost of Queen's Visit 32,600 Museum Partnership - reduced charge from County Council (12,700)(11,800)ICT consultancy budget reduced following restructure (27,000)(30,100)Reduced rental/usage charges for Multi Functional Devices (printers) (5.000)(10,000)Reduced Revenues & Benefits Management Fee (net of original saving target) (31,500)(113,900)Net reduction in Housing Benefit Subsidy (47,500)(27,500)Increased cost of funding HRA Central Control 39,000 (38.600)63,000 (198,000)INCOME Additional Government Grants - New Homes Bonus & Ctax New Burdens (47,600)(333,500)Williamson Park - net additional sales income (14,400)(26,600)Increased Waste Collection income (10,000)(10,200)Legal Services - additional court costs awarded (14,400)200 Search Fees - increase in full searches (16,800)(16,000)Reduction in Taxi fee income - following move to 3 & 5 year licences 20.500 5.800 Increase in Cemeteries income (12,400)(11,400)Salt Ayre Sports Centre - net additional income (78,300)(61,900)Hornby Pool reduced income 10,900 10.500 Storev Institute - break-even target (17.300)HMO Licenses - new HMO's identified (12,600)(2,200)Additional fee income from building regs, planning apps & pre app advice (221,000)(256,000)Coast protection - reduction in time charged to capital schemes 31,100 54,100 Commercial property - net reduction in income 34,000 36,500 Investment interest - reduced cash flow & increased allocation to HRA 47.700 (283,700)64,400 (563,200)**CAPITAL FINANCING, RESERVES & PROVISIONS** Revenue cost of capital financing (Minimum Revenue Provision) (91,900)(274,500)Direct revenue financing of capital programme reprofiling (100,000)100,000 10.000 Increase in Election Reserve contribution 0 Contribution to Apprenticeship Reserve no longer required O (16,700)Contribution to Bad Debt Provision increased 100,000 250,000 58.100 (81,200)Other Net Service Variances 91,400 (102,600)(608,100) (1,183,400) LATEST BUDGET POSITION 16,444,000 17,035,000

## **GENERAL FUND CAPITAL PROGRAMME**

For Consideration by Cabinet 01 December 2015

|   | •                  | 045/40              |                   |                    |                     |                  | 004740            |                     | 0040400          |                 |                     |                  |                 |                     |                  |                          |                           |                        |
|---|--------------------|---------------------|-------------------|--------------------|---------------------|------------------|-------------------|---------------------|------------------|-----------------|---------------------|------------------|-----------------|---------------------|------------------|--------------------------|---------------------------|------------------------|
|   | 2                  | 015/16              |                   | - 2                | 2016/17             | <i>(</i>         | 2                 | 017/18              |                  |                 | 2018/19             | )                | 2019/20         |                     |                  | 5 YEAR PROGRAMME         |                           |                        |
| Service / Scheme  | Gross<br>Budget    | External<br>Funding | Net<br>Programme  | Gross<br>Budget    | External<br>Funding | Net<br>Programme | Gross<br>Budget   | External<br>Funding | Net<br>Programme | Gross<br>Budget | External<br>Funding | Net<br>Programme | Gross<br>Budget | External<br>Funding | Net<br>Programme | Total Gross<br>Programme | Total External<br>Funding | Total Net<br>Programme |
|   |                    |                     |                   |                    |                     |                  |                   |                     |                  |                 |                     |                  |                 |                     |                  |                          |                           |                        |
| Environmental Services  | £                  | £                   | £                 | £                  | £                   | £                | £                 | £                   | £                | £               | £                   | £                | £               | £                   | £                | £                        | £                         | £                      |
| Allotments  | 5,000              |                     | 5,000             |                    |                     | 0                |                   |                     | 0                |                 |                     | 0                |                 |                     | 0                | 5,000                    | 0                         | 5,000                  |
| Vehicle Renewals  | 697,000            |                     | 697,000           | 1,160,000          |                     | 1,160,000        | 1,584,000         |                     | 1,584,000        | 994,000         |                     | 994,000          | 926,000         |                     | 926,000          | 5,361,000                | 0                         | 5,361,000              |
| Vehicle Tracking System   | 24,000             |                     | 24,000            | 74 000             |                     | 0                | 50.000            |                     | 0                |                 |                     | 0                |                 |                     | 0                | 24,000                   | 0                         | 24,000                 |
| Bins & Boxes Scheduled Buy-Outs   | 21,000             |                     | 21,000            | 74,000             |                     | 74,000           | 50,000            |                     | 50,000           |                 |                     | 0                |                 |                     | 0                | 145,000                  | 0                         | 145,000                |
| Car Parks Improvement Programme   | 92,000             |                     | 92,000            | 72,000             |                     | 72,000           |                   |                     | 0                |                 |                     | 0                |                 |                     | 0                | 164,000                  | 0                         | 164,000                |
| Middleton Solar Farm Feasibility Study  Happy Mount Park - Pathway Replacements                             |                    |                     | 0                 | 30,000             |                     | 30,000           | 22.000            |                     | 0                | 22.000          |                     | 0                | 22.000          |                     | 0                | 30,000                   | 0                         | 30,000                 |
| · · · ·   | 107,000            | 30,000              | 0                 | 43,000             |                     | 43,000           | 23,000            |                     | 23,000           | 23,000          |                     | 23,000           | 23,000          |                     | 23,000           | 112,000                  | 0                         | 112,000                |
| Williamson Park Improvements & Enhancements   | 107,000            | 30,000              | 77,000            |                    |                     | 0                |                   |                     | 0                |                 |                     | 0                |                 |                     | 0                | 107,000                  | 30,000                    | 77,000                 |
| Health and Housing Disabled Facilities Grants Warmer Homes Scheme   | 600,000<br>6,000   | 600,000             | 6,000             | 1,168,000          | 1,168,000           | 0                | 783,000           | 783,000             | 0                | 783,000         | 783,000             | 0                | 783,000         | 783,000             | 0                | 4,117,000<br>6,000       | 4,117,000<br>0            | 0<br>6,000             |
| Salt Ayre Sports Centre - Replacements & Refurbishments   |                    |                     | 0                 | 30,000             |                     | 30,000           |                   |                     | 0                |                 |                     | 0                |                 |                     | 0                | 30,000                   | 0                         | 30,000                 |
| Regeneration and Planning Toucan Crossing - King Street   | 3,000              |                     | 3,000             |                    |                     | 0                |                   |                     | 0                |                 |                     | 0                |                 |                     | 0                | 3,000                    | 0                         | 3,000                  |
| Dalton Square Christmas Lights (Renewal)  | 29,000             |                     | 29,000            |                    |                     | 0                |                   |                     | 0                |                 |                     | 0                |                 |                     | 0                | 29,000                   | 0                         | 29,000                 |
| Sea & River Defence Works & Studies   | 1,396,000          | 1,393,000           | 3,000             | 3,255,000          | 3,255,000           | 0                | 2,125,000         | 2,125,000           | 0                | 2,125,000       | 2,125,000           | 0                | 1,082,000       | 1,082,000           | 0                | 9,983,000                | 9,980,000                 | 3,000                  |
| Amenity Improvements (Morecambe Promenade)  | 22,000             | 3,000               | 19,000            | 9,000              |                     | 9,000            |                   |                     | 0                |                 |                     | 0                |                 |                     | 0                | 31,000                   | 3,000                     | 28,000                 |
| Luneside East   | 50,000             |                     | 50,000            |                    |                     | 0                |                   |                     | 0                |                 |                     | 0                |                 |                     | 0                | 50,000                   | 0                         | 50,000                 |
| Lancaster Square Routes   | 106,000            | 95,000              | 11,000            | 19,000             |                     | 19,000           |                   |                     | 0                |                 |                     | 0                |                 |                     | 0                | 125,000                  | 95,000                    | 30,000                 |
| Morecambe THI2: A View for Eric   | 429,000            |                     | 105,000           | 647,000            | 489,000             | 100,000          |                   |                     | 0                |                 |                     | 0                |                 |                     | 0                | 1,076,000                | 813,000                   | 263,000                |
| MAAP Improving Morecambe's Main Streets   | 132,000            | 5,000               | 127,000           | 263,000            |                     | 263,000          | 1,000             |                     | 1,000            |                 |                     | 0                |                 |                     | 0                | 396,000                  | 5,000                     | 391,000                |
| MAAP Connecting Eric  | 158,000            |                     | 158,000           |                    |                     | 0                |                   |                     | 0                |                 |                     | 0                |                 |                     | 0                | 158,000                  | 0                         | 158,000                |
| Albion Mills Affordable Housing s106 scheme   | 40,000             |                     | 40,000            |                    |                     | 0                |                   |                     | 0                |                 |                     | 0                |                 |                     | 0                | 40,000                   | 0                         | 40,000                 |
| King St/Wellington Terrace Affordable Housing s106 Scheme Middleton Nature Reserve s106 Scheme              | 90,000             |                     | 90,000            | 4 000              |                     | 0                |                   |                     | 0                |                 |                     | 0                |                 |                     | 0                | 90,000                   | 0                         | 90,000                 |
|   | 17,000             |                     | 17,000            | 4,000              |                     | 4,000            |                   |                     | 0                |                 |                     | 0                |                 |                     | 0                | 21,000                   | 0                         | 21,000                 |
| Pedestrian/cycle links Sainsbury's Morecambe s106 scheme  Bold Street Housing Regeneration Site Works       | 59,000<br>24,000   |                     | 59,000            |                    |                     | 0                |                   |                     | 0                |                 |                     | 0                |                 |                     | 0                | 59,000                   | 0                         | 59,000                 |
| Chatsworth Gardens  | 1,878,000          |                     | 24,000            |                    |                     | 0                |                   |                     | 0                |                 |                     | 0                |                 |                     | 0                | 24,000                   | 0                         | 24,000                 |
| Lancaster District Empty Homes Partnership  | 1,878,000          |                     | 1,878,000         | 100,000            |                     | 400.000          |                   |                     | 0                |                 |                     | 0                |                 |                     | 0                | 1,878,000                | 0                         | 1,878,000              |
| AONB Vehicle Replacement  | 25,000             |                     | 100,000<br>25,000 | 100,000            |                     | 100,000          |                   |                     | 0                |                 |                     | 0                |                 |                     | 0                | 200,000                  | 0                         | 200,000<br>25,000      |
| Resources ICT Systems, Infrastructure & Equipment   | 376,000            |                     | 376,000           |                    |                     | 352,000          | 510,000           |                     | 510,000          | 310,000         |                     | 310,000          | 100,000         |                     | 100,000          | 25,000<br>1,648,000      | 0                         | 1,648,000              |
| Corporate Property Works  | 2,057,000          | 10,000              | _,0,000           |                    |                     | 2,564,000        | 1,905,000         |                     | 1,905,000        | 1,482,000       |                     | 1,482,000        |                 |                     | 0                | 8,008,000                | 10,000                    | 7,998,000              |
| GENERAL FUND CAPITAL PROGRAMME  | 8,543,000          | 2,460,000           | 6,083,000         | 9,790,000          | 4,912,000           | 4,878,000        | 6,981,000         | 2,908,000           | 4,073,000        | 5,717,000       | 2,908,000           | 2,809,000        | 2,914,000       | 1,865,000           | 1,049,000        | 33,945,000               | 15,053,000                | 18,892,000             |
| Financing :   |                    |                     |                   |                    |                     |                  |                   |                     |                  |                 |                     |                  |                 |                     |                  |                          |                           |                        |
| Specific Grants and Contributions   | 2,460,000          |                     |                   | 4,912,000          |                     |                  | 2,908,000         |                     |                  | 2,908,000       |                     |                  | 1,865,000       |                     |                  | 15,053,000               |                           | •                      |
| General Capital Grants  | 6,000              |                     |                   | 0                  |                     |                  | 0                 |                     |                  | 0               |                     |                  | 0               |                     |                  | 6,000                    |                           | <del>-</del>           |
| Capital Receipts Direct Revenue Financing   | 641,000            |                     |                   | 370,000            |                     |                  | 370,000           |                     |                  | 0               |                     |                  | 0               |                     |                  | 1,381,000<br>488,000     |                           | _                      |
| Earmarked Reserves  | 234,000<br>681,000 |                     |                   | 204,000<br>600,000 |                     |                  | 50,000<br>230,000 |                     |                  | 280,000         |                     |                  | 120,000         |                     |                  | 1,911,000                |                           | Y                      |
| Editioned Nobel Vol   | 4,022,000          |                     |                   | 6,086,000          |                     | ŀ                | 3,558,000         |                     |                  | 3,188,000       |                     | ŀ                | 1,985,000       |                     |                  | 18,839,000               |                           | '                      |
| Increase / Reduction (-) in Capital Financing<br>Requirement (CFR) (Underlying Change in<br>Borrowing Need) | 4,521,000          |                     |                   | 3,704,000          |                     |                  | 3,423,000         |                     |                  | 2,529,000       |                     |                  | 929,000         |                     |                  | 15,106,000               |                           |                        |
| TOTAL FINANCING   | 8,543,000          |                     |                   | 9,790,000          |                     |                  | 6,981,000         |                     |                  | 5,717,000       | ]                   |                  | 2,914,000       |                     |                  | 33,945,000               |                           | ĺ                      |
| SHORTFALL / SURPLUS (-)   | 0                  |                     |                   | 0                  |                     |                  | 0                 |                     |                  | 0               |                     |                  | 0               |                     |                  | 0                        |                           | ,                      |

#### **APPENDIX E**

#### **CABINET MINUTE: 01 DECEMBER 2015**

Cabinet received a report from the Chief Officer (Resources) which provided an update on the Council's financial position to help inform development of Cabinet's corporate planning and budget proposals.

Given that the report was primarily for information, no specific options were put forward.

Budget work was progressing pretty much as planned but as more Government announcements were made, the scope for change and uncertainty had increased. Whatever the position, ahead of its next formal meeting Cabinet needed to make the most of the time available to it, by progressing its prioritisation and consideration of budget and planning options.

Focus must be on setting a four-year plan. For General Fund in particular, this is the only way in which reasonable planning can be achieved for the Council's reserves and Balances. Various savings proposals will have up-front costs, risks and lead-in times attached – Balances are a key tool with which these can be managed. If the current year's forecast underspending proved accurate, the budgeted £1M use of Balances would reduce by £608K, falling to £392K in 2015/16. This would result in Balances reaching £4.233M by 31 March 2016. If advice on the minimum level (currently set at £1M) remains unchanged, then £3.233M of Balances would be available to help achieve a sustainable budget over the coming years. Cabinet would expect this to be used wisely over four years.

Councillor Newman-Thompson proposed, seconded by Councillor Bryning:-

"That the recommendations, as set out in the report, be approved."

Councillors then voted:-

#### Resolved unanimously:

- (1) That the draft budgetary position for current and future years as set out in the report as an interim update, be approved.
- (2) That the update be referred on to December Council for information.
- (3) That for the next Cabinet meeting in January, Cabinet determines its draft corporate planning and associated budget proposals to balance the General Fund budget to 2020, drawing on information from the report, the budget options currently being collated by Officers, and Government's announcements regarding the Spending Review and the Settlement.
- (4) That the proposals referred to in 3) above be published at the earliest opportunity, to allow feedback and due consultation.
- (5) That Cabinet notes the working principle regarding surplus balances outlined at section 3.3.3, drawing on existing approved financial strategy.

#### Officers responsible for effecting the decision:

Chief Executive
Chief Officer (Resources)

#### Reasons for making the decision:

This is an interim update as the Chancellors Autumn statement has not provided greater clarity on the financial position affecting the council. The financial situation will become clearer when details of the local government settlement are received within the next few weeks. Cabinet will as a result need to consider its draft budget proposals on 19<sup>th</sup> January 2016 and present these to the Budget and Performance Panel on 26<sup>th</sup> January 2016. Other briefings can be provided at the same time. This is essential to allow due consultation with elected members, stakeholders and to help manage community expectations. Inevitably deadlines are tight but this is unavoidable given the timing of the Government funding announcements and the statutory deadline (11 March 2016) for setting the budget. The decision to note the working principle regarding balances in the report leads into considering carefully the use of estimated available balances to help balance the budget over the next four years.

## BUDGET AND PERFORMANCE PANEL

## **Work Programme Report**

### 15th December 2015

## Report of the Chief Officer (Governance)

#### **PURPOSE OF REPORT**

To update Members on the Panel's Work Programme.

This report is public.

#### **RECOMMENDATIONS**

- (1) That Members note the Work Programme, as detailed in Appendix A to the report.
- (2) That Members consider whether they would like to include any further items in the Work Programme.
- (3) The Panel is asked to consider paragraph 2 of the report.
- 1.0 Introduction
- 1.1 Members are requested to consider the updated Work Programme.
- 1.2 The Budget and Performance Panel is responsible for setting its own annual Work Programme within the terms of reference, as set out in Part 3, Section 13 of the Constitution.
- 1.3 Members of the Budget and Performance Panel are entitled to give notice to the Chief Executive that they wish an item relevant to the Terms of Reference of the Committee to be included on the agenda for the first available meeting and the meeting will determine whether the issue should be included in its Work Programme based on its relevance as compared to the priorities as set out in the Scrutiny Work Programme (Part 4, Section 5 of the Constitution).

#### 2.0 Report

#### 2.1 Management of Arts Investments

Cabinet, at its meeting held on 3<sup>rd</sup> November 2015, considered the above. Following consideration of the report it was resolved: -

(1) That the City Council's existing Arts investment framework continues, subject to annual budget processes, until such a time as Cabinet determines that it wishes to take an alternative approach.

(2) That, to ensure value for money and provide consistency, the commissioning criteria outlined in the Commissioning Framework and agreed by Cabinet in December 2012, as well as any relevant performance measures, be used as the basis of evaluation for the City Council's investment in the Arts.

The Panel had requested a report on the Arts Commissioning Framework to be submitted at the appropriate time (anticipated April 2017). In view of the decision of Cabinet this item has been removed from the Panel's Work Programme.

#### 2.2 Referral from Overview and Scrutiny Committee

The Overview and Scrutiny Committee, at its meeting held on 18<sup>th</sup> November 2015, noted that a briefing note detailing the mileage and number of journeys between Lancaster and Morecambe Town Halls had been circulated to Members of the Committee prior to the meeting. It was noted that the Budget and Performance Panel had discussed Business Travel Plans at its last meeting and it was suggested and agreed that the issue of car journeys be referred to the Budget and Performance Panel for consideration of any efficiencies and savings that could be made.

The Panel is asked to consider the referral.

#### **SECTION 151 OFFICER'S COMMENTS**

The Section 151 Officer has been consulted and has no further comments.

#### **MONITORING OFFICER'S COMMENTS**

The Monitoring Officer has been consulted and has no further comments.

**BACKGROUND PAPERS** 

None.

Contact Officer: Sarah Moorghen

**Telephone:** 01524 582132

E-mail: smoorghen@lancaster.gov.uk

## APPENDIX A

## **BUDGET & PERFORMANCE PANEL WORK PROGRAMME 2015/2016**

| Matter for consideration   | Officer responsible/<br>External                     | Expected date of meeting   |
|--|--|--|
| Financial Monitoring   | Chief Officer (Resources)                            | <ul><li>(1) Quarter 1 – September<br/>2015.</li><li>(2) Quarter 2 – November<br/>2015.</li><li>(3) Quarter 3 – February<br/>2016</li></ul> |
| Corporate Performance<br>Monitoring  | Chief Officer (Governance)                           | (1) Quarter 1 – September<br>2015<br>(2) Quarter 2 – November<br>2015<br>(3) Quarter 3 – February<br>2016                                  |
| Annual Stakeholders<br>Meeting   | Chief Officer (Resources) Chief Officer (Governance) | January 2016   |
| Treasury Management<br>Strategy  | Chief Officer (Resources)                            | February 2016  |
| Voluntary, Community and<br>Faith Sector (VCFS) –<br>Review of Activity/<br>Support of the Citizens<br>Advice Bureau | Chief Officer (Governance)                           | February 2016  |
| ICT – Bring your own<br>Device   | Chief Officer (Resources)                            | February 2016  |
| Budget<br>Overspends/Variance  | Chief Officer (Resources)                            | As required  |
| Procurement Strategy   | Chief Officer (Resources)                            | Prior to the updated Strategy being presented to Cabinet.  |

### **Invitations to Cabinet Members**

| Cabinet Member and area of responsibility | Issue   | Expected date of meeting                          |
|---|---|---|
| Councillor Blamire, Leader of the Council | Corporate Performance Monitoring  | Various – as set out in the Work Programme Report |
| All Members of Cabinet                    | Various. Invitations to be extended to Cabinet Members to coincide with issues relevant to their respective portfolios. | Various Various                                   |

## **Briefing Notes**

| Matter for Consideration   | Date Requested | Officer<br>Responsible         | Date Circulated |
|--|----------------|--------------------------------|-----------------|
| Expenditure on Venues and Facilities in Lancaster and Morecambe. | 21.07.2015.    | Financial Services<br>Manager. | TBC.            |